From the Reference Desk

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The Oxford Encyclopedia of Food and Drink in America (2004, 0195154371, $250) is one of those sets that readers love to browse. But that is not the only attraction. This encyclopedia is full of information about a topic most everyone finds fascinating and is presented with authority and skill by experts in culinary art and history. Some 770 articles along with 350 illustrations are packed in these two volumes portraying food and drink as both an influence, and a reflection, of American culture and history.

Topic coverage is diverse ranging from candy bars to celebrity chefs, frontier cooking to fast food, Karo syrup to kitchen gardening and Tupperware to tailgate picnics. The richness of American cuisine is exemplified by articles on ethnic and cultural food from Cajun and Creole to Caribbean and Native American influences, as well as entries on specific cuisines like Mexican, Chinese, Polish, Italian and African American. Historical context is important in this set and is provided in a series of articles under the broad heading Historical Overview. These articles break down chronologically from the Colonial period and the Revolution, through the Civil War and the Victorian era, and from the early 1900’s through World War II up to the present. In addition, there are numerous entries on food staples, drinks and beverages, food preparation, meal and eating customs, cookbooks and food writing, regional foods, health concerns and of course, biographies of important figures.

The Encyclopedia has a number of value added touches that readers have come to expect from quality sources including a topical outline of entries, bibliographies, “see also” references, a list of contributors with their credentials and a comprehensive index. The set also includes a list of food websites, major library collections, and food related museums and organizations. All of this is guided with scholarly care by editors Andrew F. Smith who teaches at the New School University in New York and is author of a number of food-related titles.

With its emphasis on American cuisine the Oxford Encyclopedia of Food and Drink in America complements rather than competes with Scribner’s much praised Encyclopedia of Food and Culture (2004, 06848005685, $420). It is an obvious choice for those seeking accessible and larger public libraries.

Fitzroy Dearborn has published a reference work that in many ways breaks new ground. Focusing on the entire continent, the Encyclopedia of African History (2005, 1579582451, $495) is a work of scholarship that incorporates contemporary perspectives and confirms the significance and complexity of this rich history.

Public relations is not often thought of as an academic discipline. Compounding this lack of recognition, there is still debate within the field as to definition and scope. Robert L. Heath, editor of Sage Publications’ Encyclopedia of Public Relations (2005, 0761927336, $295) hopes to help change that. In fact, “one of the goals of this book is to make the practice of public relations more adequately understood by an array of readers.”

This is not easily given some of the negative connotations associated with public relations. However, Heath and his contributors are up to the task.

There are nearly 450 entries in this two volume set that shed light on a variety of topics. A fair number of articles help lay a historical framework discussing the role of public relations in seminal events like the Colorado Coal Strike in 1913 and the Exxon - Valdez crisis, as well as offering biographical sketches of figures...
Each entry has a bibliography, many of which are more substantial than the norm for a two-volume set. A thematic list of entries gives the reader a good sense of the content and a general index provides access to specifics. One minor complaint, the index lists only page numbers and does not differentiate between the two volumes. Although this seems to be a standard practice among some publishers, use of bold volume numbers or a page key would be useful.

Encyclopedia of 20th Century Technology will be a welcome addition to academic library collections supporting classes on the history of science and technology. It offers scholarly treatments that explain the technology of our modern world in a clear and understandable way. The focus is specifically on technological development in the United States and Europe. Those libraries interested in science and technology outside the West should also consider Kluwer’s Encyclopaedia of the History of Science, Technology and Medicine in Non-Western Cultures (1997, 0792340663, $522).

A couple of updated titles have come across my desk that are deserving of mention.

Libraries needing the most recent information about hazardous substances will be glad that Wiley has released the 11th edition of Sax’s Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials (2004, 0471476625, $395). Since the 1950s Sax’s has provided information about hazardous materials from food additives to pesticides and from preservatives to plastics. This edition adds more than 2,597 new entries to those listed in the 10th edition (1999), as well as updating many more. Each entry has an individual entry code and provides the substance name, hazard rating, Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry number, the DOT code assigned by the U.S. Department of Transportation, the molecular formula and weight, structural formula, properties, a list of synonyms, toxicity data, consensus reports, standards and recommendations, safety profile and references to OSHA and NIOSH occupational analytical methods. Author Richard J. Lewis provides a thorough and comprehensive introduction that explains the structure of the entries and their relevant content. The first two volumes of this three-volume set contain the substance entries while the third is a collection of cross-indexes including those by DOT guide number, by CAS registry number and possibly the most useful, by synonym. The third volume also has a taxonomic bibliography of the 2,250 sources referenced in the first two volumes. Special and academic libraries that have found Sax’s Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials useful will want to give serious consideration to this new edition. By the way it is also available in CD-ROM in both single user and networked versions. Point your browser to http://www.veni.com/chips/cdroms.htm for details.

Business librarians will be interested to learn that Grey House has published a 12th edition of the Directory of Business Information Resources (2004, 1592370500, $195). Edited by Richard Gottlieb, this oversize paperback lists resources covering 98 industries from automotive, trucking and industrial equipment to broadcasting, insurance, and legal services. Within each of the 98 industries are lists of trade and professional associations, newsletters, magazines and journals, directories, databases, trade shows, Websites and international contacts. Entries include addresses, phone and fax numbers, Websites, key executives, and brief descriptions. In addition, for associations the number of members is listed and for publications, frequency, circulation and subscription price are included. While subject access is provided via the table of contents listing the 98 industries, there are also indexes by alphabetical entry and publisher name, as well as a magazine special issues index. Although hundreds of new associations have been added to this edition, by necessity much of the information is redundant. Libraries that have the 2003/04 edition may want to hold off on spending the $195 asking price. However, for those who have not purchased the Directory in a while, this is a worthwhile purchase. (It is also available as an online database with subscriptions at $495.)

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Darwin’s theory of evolution. The insights of Crick, and his collaborator, James D. Watson, into the structure of DNA and into the genetic code made possible a new understanding of heredity at the molecular level. This latest collection on Profiles in Science represents a close collaboration between the National Library of Medicine and the Wellcome Library for the History and Understanding of Medicine in London, which holds the Crick papers. The Crick collection brings to 14 the number of notable researchers and public health officials whose personal and professional records are featured on Profiles. The site is located at www.profiles.nlm.nih.gov.


The College Libraries Section of ACRL developed one of the first electronic discussion lists, COLLIB-L, more than a decade ago. Since then, it has moved twice and developed a subscriber base of more than 1,000. COLLIB-L features lively discussions of a wide range of professional issues. Consider subscribing. Send the following message (nothing in the Subject line and no signature, please) to subscribe.collib-l to your name at listserv@ala.org.

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