Checklist for Fighting Methamphetamine in Indiana

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Below are a few ideas to help protect your family, neighbors and community from dangers associated with methamphetamine (commonly called meth). You can implement these ideas as an individual, as part of a community plan, or develop your own strategies. The goal is not only to educate your family on the hazards of using meth, but also to help protect them from the many other hazards posed by meth production.

Five steps

The steps for planning the strategies are:
1. Assess the situation.
2. Identify priorities.
3. Develop a plan.
4. Implement the plan.
5. Evaluate and reassess the situation.

Review each step. Mark what you can do or are willing to do. Then write a plan and put it into action.

Step 1: Assess the situation

Look at your own life and your community.

☐ Be a good role model.
  • Do you drink frequently or excessively?
  • Do you ride with a driver who has been drinking?
  • Do you drive after drinking?
  • Do you tolerate underage drinking in your home and community?
  • Do you supply alcohol to minors?
  • Do you overuse prescribed medications?
  • Do you use tobacco?
  • Do you use illegal drugs?

☐ Educate yourself about meth.
☐ Educate yourself about meth labs.

☐ Learn about your community.
  • How prevalent is drinking?
  • How prevalent is teen drinking?
  • How prevalent is smoking among youth and adults?
  • How prevalent is other drug use?
  • What law enforcement strategies are in place?
  • What alcohol and other drug-related programs are aimed toward youth (schools, churches, youth groups, etc.)?
  • What alcohol and other drug treatment and rehabilitation are available?
  • What organizations address the meth issue?

☐ Other:
  1. 
  2. 
  3. 
  4. 
  5.
Step 2: Identify priorities

These are issues that need to be addressed from your assessments. As you set priorities, engage all segments of your community, including people of all ages, genders, and races, as well as public and private groups.

List your priorities here:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

Step 3: Develop a work/action plan

Use some of the strategies listed below, or determine your own strategies to fit your individual or community needs.

- Join a mentoring program or mentor a child on your own.
- Become involved in parenting programs.
- Encourage family-focused events in your community.
- Become involved and work with other community programs such as civic clubs or community task forces/coalitions.
- Hold a neighborhood meeting to discuss what can be done in your neighborhood and invite law enforcement.
- Form a watch group (such as a neighborhood watch, farm watch, community watch, house watch). For more information, visit [www.usaonwatch.org/resource/Neighborhood_Watch/publications.aspx](http://www.usaonwatch.org/resource/Neighborhood_Watch/publications.aspx)
- Create walking or driving patrols.
  - Develop a notification process to report illegal activities.
  - Develop a handout with contact numbers for reporting suspicious activities.
- Record suspicious activities. Record location, date, time, style/make of car, color/year of car, and license plate number.
- Report suspicious activities to local law enforcement or Indiana State Police.
- Educate policy makers on the dangers of meth, and encourage legislation dealing with laws and policies related to the meth issue.
- Encourage educational meetings related to one or more of the following topics:
  - **Agriculture**
    - Anhydrous theft (tank lock security devices and tamper tags)
    - Abandoned farmsteads
    - Agriculture supplies and equipment
  - **Roadside clean-up**
    - Health hazards
    - Suspicious materials
    - Retailers
    - Product management and reporting suspicious activity
  - **Public service** (sanitation workers, road crews, utility workers, farmers, county health departments, health and human service personnel and others who might be affected)
    - Potential health hazards related to meth production labs
    - Potential for violence by people under the influence of meth
  - **Schools** (faculty and staff)
    - Symptoms of meth use
    - Dangers of meth use
    - Potential for violence by meth users
  - **Youth organizations** (4-H, Scouts, churches, schools)
    - Meth facts
    - Dangers of meth use
    - Potential for violence by meth users
  - **Landlords/Real Estate**
    - Signs of suspicious activity
    - Property clean-up
    - Abandoned property
  - **Medical** (medical community, first responders, law enforcement)
    - Potential for violence by people who are under the influence of meth
    - Intervention protocol and care of children exposed to meth labs
☐ Conduct a community meth awareness forum. Encourage youth and parents to attend.

☐ Hold a community drug action meeting (can be as simple or complex as you would like). Consider inviting:
  • Local business owners
  • Law enforcement
  • Civic and social leaders
  • School personnel
  • Ministerial association
  • Agencies – local and state
  • Elected officials
  • Purdue Extension personnel
  • Judicial personnel
  • Alcohol and abuse counselors

☐ Start a local coalition if not in place or join one already in place.

☐ Create a community speakers bureau.

☐ Develop a community education and awareness campaign.
  • Involve local media.
  • Distribute educational materials.
  • Show facts about meth at local movie theaters.
  • Develop signage for meth awareness.
  • Produce public service announcements.
  • Create display and bulletin boards.
  • Set up booths and distribute materials at county fairs, health fairs, etc.
  • Plan and implement a meth awareness day.
  • Conduct anti-meth slogan contests for school children based on grades.

☐ Other
  1.
  2.
  3.
  4.
  5.

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**Step 4: Implement the plans**

In order to implement many of the above strategies, additional resources may be needed. Local law enforcement, health and human services offices, drug and alcohol counselors, and many others can serve as valuable and reliable resources.

Design steps and a timeline for completing the plan. (What are you going to do and when will you have it finished?)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.
Step 5: Evaluate and reassess the situation

Ask yourself or your community group the following questions:

What are we doing right and need to keep doing or do better?
1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

What are we not doing that we should be doing?
1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

What are we doing that we should not be doing?
1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

By educating yourself about the hazards of meth, you have already taken the first step in your fight against meth in your community. Remember YOU are the most important part of your community’s fight for safety. It’s time to take back our communities. It’s time for you to get involved.

Related materials


*Methamphetamine PowerPoint slide show, www.ces.purdue.edu/extmedia/CFS/Methslides.ppt*


*Safe Roadside Cleanup DVD. Single copies (DVD-CFS-734) cost $3.50, packages of five (DVD-CFS-734P) cost $12. You can order the DVDs from the Purdue Extension Media Distribution Center, 231 S. University St., West Lafayette, IN 47907-2094. You also can order online at www.ces.purdue.edu/new or by e-mail to media.order@purdue.edu or by fax to (765) 496-1540 or by telephone to (765) 494-6794 or toll-free to 888-EXT-INFO (398-4636)*

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