

Indiana State Emergency Management Agency

Mitigation and Recovery Division

The Recovery Process

- Local Response
- Local Declaration
- State Response
- State Declaration
- Federal Response

Local Response

- Activate EOC
- Implement EOP
- Request Mutual Aid as appropriate
- Notify SEMA
- Conduct Preliminary Damage Assessment
- Report situation/results to SEMA

Local Declaration

- Disaster exceeds local resources
- Request state assistance as appropriate

State Response

- Provide necessary state resources
- Conduct local/state PDA
- Analyze PDA information
- Conduct joint PDA (federal/state/local)

State Declaration

Based upon the Joint PDA:

- Governor declares state of disaster emergency
- Governor requests the President declare a Major Disaster (Governor's Letter)

The Governor's Request Letter

Must:

- Be submitted within 30 days after the incident.
- Include a damage assessment.
- Describe State and Local resources committed.
- Identify assistance needed.
- Agree to cost sharing.

Federal Response

- FEMA R V reviews Governor's letter and PDA information, forwards to FEMA HQ
- HQ makes recommendation and forwards to the White House
- President makes a determination to declare or not to declare

FEMA Will Consider:

- Amount/type of damage.
- Impact of disaster.
- Resources available without declaration.
- Availability of insurance.
- Imminent threats to life and safety.
- Recent disaster history in state.

Types of Federal Assistance Declarations

- USSBA - Low interest loans to homeowners, renters and businesses who have suffered damage.
- FEMA - *Individual Assistance*: Grants to individuals and families for home repairs and replacement of household good.
- FEMA - *Public Assistance*: Cost Sharing with Public Entities for repair or replacement of facilities, equipment, buildings, roads, bridges and other infrastructure.

(The minimum federal share is 75%)

Public Assistance

**Governmental Units
Private Not For Profit
Organizations**

Government

- **Any unit of state or local government that sustained damage as a direct result of the disaster**

Private Not For Profit

- **Must be open to the public**
- **Provide a government service**

Includes buildings, structures and systems belonging to the eligible PNP.

Administrative and support buildings essential for operation of PNP.

Educational, emergency, medical, and custodial care are eligible.

Program Purpose

To repair or replace damaged --

- Government owned facilities**
- Private Not for Profit organization owned facilities that provide essential services of a government nature**

--to pre-disaster condition

Eligible Work Categories

- **Debris Removal**
- **Emergency Protective Measures**
- **Roads and Bridges**
- **Water Control Facilities**
- **Buildings and Equipment**
- **Utilities**
- **Parks, Recreational Facilities, and Other**

Emergency Work

Debris Removal

- **Clearing trees and woody debris, building wreckage, sand, mud, silt, gravel, vehicles, and other disaster related material deposited on publicly owned property**

Emergency Work

Emergency Protective Measures

- **Measures taken before, during and after a disaster to save lives, protect public health and safety, and protect improved public and private property**

Permanent Work

- Roads and Bridges

**Repair of roads, bridges, and associated features,
such as shoulders, ditches, culverts, lighting,
and signs**

Permanent Work

- **Water Control Facilities**

Repair of irrigation systems, drainage channels, and pumping facilities

Levees, dams, and flood control channels

Permanent Work

- **Utilities**

Repair of water treatment and delivery systems; power generation facilities and distribution lines; and sewage collection and treatment facilities

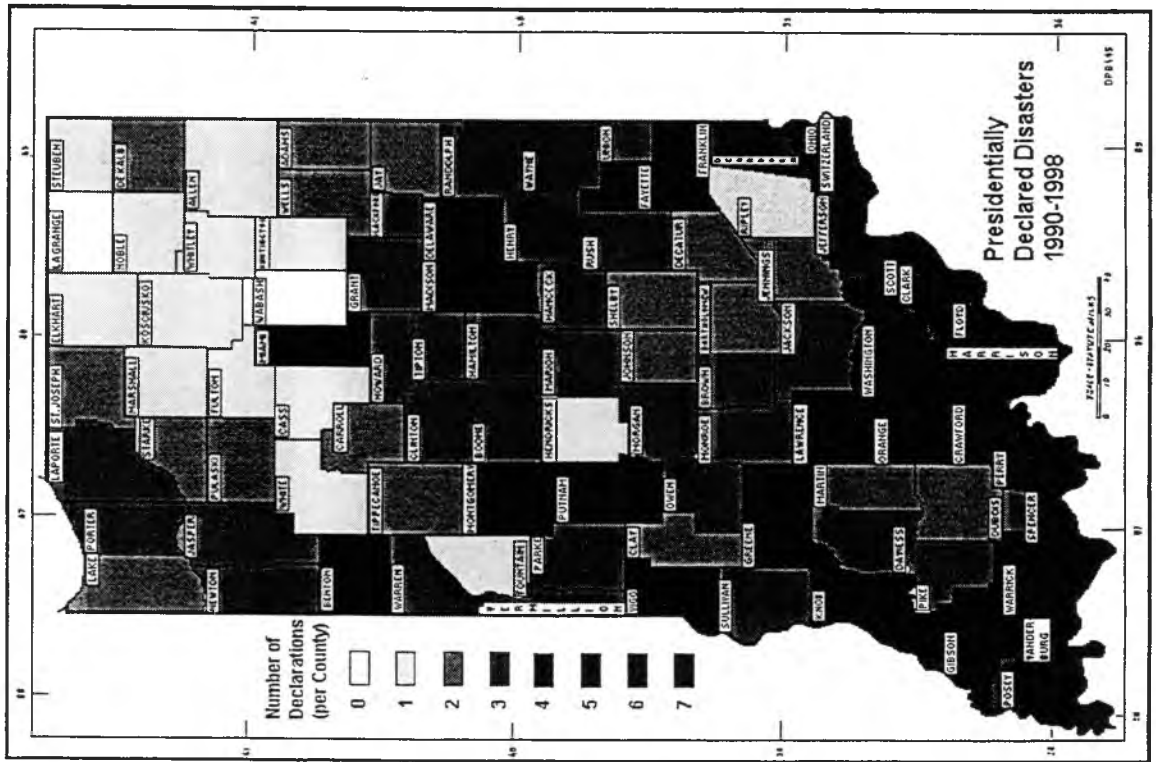
Permanent Work

- **Parks, Recreation Facilities and Other**

Repair or restoration of parks, playgrounds, pools, cemeteries, and beaches.

Includes work of facilities that cannot be characterized in other categories

Major Disasters Since 1990



Complexity of Assessment

- The complexity of the damage assessment will be relative to the extent of the emergency / disaster event.

Purpose of Damage Assessment

- To provide information in the emergency/disaster situation.
- To facilitate effective decision making.
- To accurately inform the public.
- To develop assistance requests.

Damage Locations

- **Identify damage sites on a map**
- **Number each site**
- **Attach a Narrative sheet of detailed information on each numbered site**