Indiana Corn and Soybean Basis Patterns (Southern Counties)

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Indiana Corn and Soybean Basis Patterns

Purdue University, Cooperative Extension Service, West Lafayette, Indiana
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January 1979

Cooperative Extension Work in Agriculture and Home Economics, State of Indiana, Purdue University and U. S. Department of Agriculture Cooperating. H. G. Diesslin, Director, West Lafayette, Ind. Issued in furtherance of the Acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914. It is the policy of the Cooperative Extension Service of Purdue University that all persons shall have equal opportunity and access to its programs and facilities without regard to race, religion, color, sex or national origin.
Margins in the grain industry are relatively narrow because the grain can be hedged. Much of the risk of price change can be transferred to the speculator. Since this is done through hedging, the futures markets play a major role in pricing grain. The futures prices represent the general price level, and the prices at other markets are often quoted in relation to the futures. This does not mean that futures prices determine cash prices. In fact, the casual relationship is the other way around. There is a demand for futures and a demand for the cash commodity. However, both are influenced by many of the same factors.

"The essence of hedging, then, becomes a study of the relationship of cash and futures prices. This difference is called the basis. Basis is variable. It changes over time and space. The essence of hedging is speculation in basis. If changes are accurately forecast, hedging profits are realized. The analysis of basis is a field of its own, quite separate from the field of price analysis."

"There is a body of theory of the basis. The first part of the theory relates to basis change over time. The cost of carrying a futures contract is quite small. The only investment is the modest margin requirement. We can argue that a risk premium in the form of a discount from the expected price must be offered to get speculators to assume risks. However, attempts to measure such discounts tend to be unsuccessful, and we are forced to conclude that such discounts are, at most, quite small."

"There are substantial costs of storing inventories of cash grains. These include an investment cost of the grain, investment in the storage structure, operating costs, etc. Thus, in broad outline, we can expect the price of cash grain to increase in relation to the future by the cost of storing from harvest until the end of the season."

"However, on examining the behavior of basis over time, we find that it is not as regular as the cost theory would indicate. The price of storage offered at harvest varies from year to year. Typically, there is a sharp increase in cash in relation to the future immediately following harvest, followed by a slower increase during the balance of the season."

"Thus, it appears that the size of the basis and its change over time are functions of the supply of and the demand for storage space. Since the stocks of grain tend to be at a maximum at harvest, the basis also tends to be at a maximum discount from the futures at harvest. As the crop is put away and part of it is used, the supply of space increases in relation to the demand for its use, and the basis narrows rapidly."

"Over space, there is an equilibrium set of price relationships that will result in an optimum flow of grain from place to place. But this set of relationships is not constant over time; it varies substantially. One cause of variation in price relationships over time is change in the supply and use of grain by areas. In different years, specific regions have different surpluses of supplies over use, and others have different excesses of demand over local supplies. Some regions shift from surplus to deficit between years; and some regions are surplus at some seasons of the crop year and deficit at others."

"A second reason for variation in price differences over space is imperfection in the process of establishing the equilibrium set of differences. The price contour may be likened to the surface of a lake that has continuous waves and other disturbances. The contour levels out when the transportation cost is taken into account; but, is never at rest. Any given point goes up and down, often traveling a substantial vertical distance without finally getting anywhere."
"Basis is a market price that is a function of the supply of space and the demand for its use. In broadest context, four factors determine the price of storage in a particular year: carryover, crop size, amount of storage space, and off-farm movement at harvest. When carryover stocks are large, the price of storage is high." *

Technically, basis is futures minus cash prices. Since both of these prices fluctuate, it is easier to visualize if you construct a basis chart. There are two ways of constructing these charts. One is to set the cash price equal to zero and plot the futures price in relation to it. In this case, more than one futures price may be plotted on the same chart. This allows for reading the spreads between the various months directly from the chart. However, the various futures are often close together and become difficult to read with the scale used on the basis chart.

The method used in this publication is to set the particular futures contract at zero and plot the cash price in relation to it. This will show the cash price below the futures price and is easier to see that the cash price gains in relation to the futures price as time progresses from harvest. In this case, you must have a separate chart for each option. Spreads can be kept in table form or charted separately. The two methods are mirror images of each other.

Basis = Cash Grain Price - Future Price

As an example, if July corn futures are $2.40 per bushel and corn at the local grain elevator is $2.00 per bushel, then the basis at that elevator at the time is -$0.40 per bushel. Often, the cash basis is described as being "over" or "under" a selected futures contract month -- in this case "40¢ under the July."

Basis patterns form a fairly predictable pattern with wider or larger basis levels during the harvest period and a narrowing of the basis over the crop storage year. The charts which make up the bulk of this book are graphical presentations of basis changes over the year in various locations.

Factors Affecting Basis

Basis is "location specific," and the pattern at a particular location is determined by a combination of factors, some of which are given here.

1. Size of Crop. With a larger crop in the local area, elevator bids will weaken as storage facilities are filled. A large national crop will also weaken the overall cash price structure. A large carryover from the previous year will have a similar effect.

2. Amount of Storage. Higher storage capacity in relation to a given size of crop will result in more aggressive cash bids by owners of storage in an attempt to better utilize that storage. This will usually result in a narrower basis.

3. Local Demand for Grain. A strong area livestock feed demand will generally strengthen cash basis, especially during the winter period when livestock maintenance levels are higher. The presence of local corn and soybean processors heightens the competition for cash grain and often lends strength to the basis.

4. Exporter Need for Grain. Strong foreign demand for grain will be transmitted back to country elevators through the merchandizing system. Developments in pricing fundamentals at the Gulf, East Coast, or Great Lakes make themselves felt at the country level in a very short time.

5. Farmer Selling Pattern. Liberal cash sales of grain from farmer holdings will tend to depress (widen) the basis in a day to day manner. Of course, a tight holding pattern of grain by farmers will often cause buyers to be stronger bidders to fill their cash grain requirements. Property and income tax dates usually result in increased grain sales by farmers to meet these obligations or to avoid having grain on hand at a certain date.
6. Type of Harvest Season. If the crop is extra large or if soybean and corn harvests come close together, basis quickly widens to greater levels than in years when the harvest season is longer.

7. Value of Crop and Rate of Interest. Higher values of the crop and high interest rates will tend to make storage more expensive because of foregone income from grain that could be sold. Thus, cash bids will weaken because of higher costs of holding grain.

8. Capacity and Cost for Handling and Conditioning Grain. Inability of buyers to keep up with the handling and drying of grain during harvest will result in depressed cash bids as a signal that the system is overloaded. Higher fuel and conditioning equipment costs will also result in a wider basis (cash bids depressed relative to futures prices).

9. Cost of Transportation. As the costs for trucks, railroad cars and fuel increase, the basis will generally be widened over the whole year to reflect these costs. Barge rates are also bid up and have a similar effect.

10. Federal Government Loan and Storage Programs. When farmers are participating in Government loan programs because of low cash grain prices, a general increase in prices will result in some widening of the basis. This is caused by increased farmer selling. The opposite is true when cash prices go down because of farmers' electing to keep corn stored under a Government loan. As the season progresses, the presence of a federal loan program may tend to increase the aggressiveness of buyers who need to buy farmer-held grain to cover their hedged grain commitments.

11. Dock and Other Labor Strikes. Such strikes slow cash grain movement in general -- particularly grain bound for export markets. Demand for cash grain is slowed, and basis levels generally widen because of such interruptions.

   Basis, though fairly complex, is basically determined by a supply of and a demand for storage space as well as availability and cost of transportation, and interest charges.

   It is recommended that individual charts be constructed for the location where you normally sell grain. When constructing your own basis charts, use the best bid at your elevator. If you have access to one of the teletype machines, you will have the settlement prices each day. If not, choose a consistent system of taking the average (or high or low) when futures prices close in a range as published in the major newspapers.

   You must have your own charts -- for your location. There are many factors that cause your cash prices to be different from your neighbors'. Historical data on the futures prices are available from Commodity Yearbooks published by Commodity Research Bureau and the Statistical Yearbooks published by the Board of Trade. The Purdue Agricultural Economics Library has back issues of both of these yearbooks. Also, the Agricultural Economics Department has a computer program developed to assist in drawing basis charts like those in this publication.

   Cash prices paid to farmers were collected for corn and soybeans for Wednesdays for 1974-76, at more than 200 elevators throughout Indiana. The elevator managers were very cooperative in supplying this data. Data came from a wide variety of elevators -- large and small, cooperative and independent. Data from terminal markets was not used in this analysis.

   The dates across the bottom of the chart represent the week of a particular month, i.e., 1 through 4 or 5. Data for the 2 years, for both cash and futures prices were averaged together. The futures prices were subtracted from the cash prices and plotted on the chart. The futures month was set at 0 on the chart.
and the difference in the cash price plotted below the zero mark for each week.

New crop futures months are represented by November soybeans and December corn. The old crop futures are the July contract for both corn and soybeans. The state was arbitrarily divided into 30 different areas, of about three counties each where grain bids were very similar. With a basis contract for both old and new crop corn and soybeans, results in 116 different charts. Each chart has a schematic state map which shows the location of the area and the counties included in the area.

Most people are interested in basis data only for their county or area. The basis data for the state is published in three publications. EC-487 contains basis data for the northern third of Indiana, areas 1 through 9. EC-493 contains basis data for central Indiana, areas 10 through 18. EC-494 contains basis data for southern Indiana, areas 19 through 30. No data were available from Monroe, Brown and Lawrence counties (area 20). Vermillion County data were included in both areas 10 and 14.

Data in these charts are useful in determining:

1. An average change in basis, which reflects the gross income from storage when hedging.

2. The expected basis at a harvest time, when trying to decide whether to forward price through hedging.

3. The quality of a bid.

4. Appropriate minimum storage charges and/or service charges for delayed pricing.

MARKETING AREAS FOR BASIS CHARTS

1. Find the number of your grain marketing area.
2. Select the charts for your grain marketing area.
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR VIGO, CLAY, OWEN, SULLIVAN AND GREENE COS.

Basis for Futures Month Dec. Number of Years 2. Commodity Corn

Average Basis = -20.12 occurred in week 7
Widest Basis = -49.78 occurred in week 14

December Corn Area

Graph showing basis changes over weeks from August to July with a shaded area indicating a specific basis range.
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR VIGO, CLAY, OWEN, SULLIVAN AND GREENE COS.

Basis for futures month Jul. Number of years 2 Commodity corn

Narrowest basis: -7.54 occurred in week 44
Widest basis: -65.67 occurred in week 14

July Corn Area 19

[Graph with week and basis values]

August Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR VIGO, CLAY, OWEN, SULLIVAN AND GREENE COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV. NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS: -28.21 OCCURRED IN WEEK 9
WIDEST BASIS: -57.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

November Soybeans Area 19
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR VIGO, CLAY, OWEN, SULLIVAN AND GREENE COS.
Basis for futures month Jul. Number of years 2. Commodity Beans
Narrowest basis: 5.40. Occurred in week 41.
Widest basis: -99.44. Occurred in week 14.

July Soybeans Area 19
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR BARTHOLOMEW, JENNINGS AND JACKSON COS.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC.  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY CORN

NARROWEST BASIS: -24.25  OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS: -56.88 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

December Corn Area 21

[Graph showing basis changes over weeks with corresponding basis values in a table on the right side of the page]
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR BARDOLOMEO, JENNINGS AND JACKSON COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL. NUMBER OF YEARS 2, COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -15.14 OCCURRED IN WEEK 30
WIDEST BASIS = -73.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 21

Graph showing weekly basis data from week 1 to week 52, with basis values ranging from -100.0 to 0.0.
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR BARTHOLOMEW, JENNINGS AND JACKSON COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH: NOV
NUMBER OF YEARS: 2
COMMODITY: BEANS
NARROEST BASIS: -32.25
WIDEST BASIS: -59.76
OCCURRED IN WEEK: 4

November Soybeans Area 21

WEEK NO.: 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
August Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July

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1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR BARTHOLOMEW, JENNINGS AND JACKSON COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS= -18.19 OCCURRED IN WEEK 47
WIDEST BASIS= 102.37 OCCURRED IN WEEK 15

July Soybeans Area 21
1974-76 AVERAGE BASIS DATA FOR FRANKLIN, RIPLEY, DEARBORN AND DECATUR COS.
Basis for Futures Month Dec. Number of Years 2 Commodity Corn
Narrowest Basis: -20.50Occurred in Week 4
Widest Basis: -63.00Occurred in Week 14

December Corn Area 22
1974-76 AVERAGE BASIS DATA FOR FRANKLIN, RIPLEY, DEARBORN AND DECATUR COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -24.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 51
WIDEST BASIS = -79.38 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 22

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August Sept. October Nov. December January Feb. March April May June July
1974-76 AVERAGE BASIS DATA FOR FRANKLIN, RIPLEY, DEARBORN AND DECATUR COS.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS= -30.87 OCCURRED IN WEEK 7
WIDEST BASIS= -61.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 13

November Soybeans Area 22
1974-76 AVERAGE BASIS DATA FOR FRANKLIN, RIPLEY, DEARBORN AND DECATUR COS.  
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  
NUMBER OF YEARS 2  
COMMODITY BEANS  
narrowest basis = -22.37 occurred in week 46  
widest basis = -102.50 occurred in week 14

July Soybeans Area 22
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR KNOX AND DAVIESS COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC. NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -14.77 OCCURRED IN WEEK 21
WIDEST BASIS = -51.45 OCCURRED IN WEEK 13

December Corn Area 23

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August Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR KNOX AND DAVIES COUNTY.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS = -35.16 OCCURRED IN WEEK 9
WIDEST BASIS = -77.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 07

November Soybeans Area 23
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR KNOX AND DAVIESS COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS = -18.96 OCCURRED IN WEEK 47
WIDEST BASIS = -104.60 OCCURRED IN WEEK 07

July Soybeans Area 23

Historic Document
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR MARTIN, ORANGE AND DUBOIS COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC. NUMBER OF YEARS: 2. COMMODITY: CORN
NARROWEST BASIS: -20.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 21
WIDEST BASIS: -55.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 12

December Corn Area 24
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR MARTIN, ORANGE AND DUBOIS COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JULY, NUMBER OF YEARS 2, COMMODITY CORN

NARROWEST BASIS = -13.54 OCCURRED IN WEEK 50
WIDEST BASIS = -66.62 OCCURRED IN WEEK 12

July Corn Area 24
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR MARTIN, ORANGE AND DUBOIS COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS= 63.33 OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS= -86.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 11

November Soybeans Area 24
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR MARTIN, ORANGE AND DUBOIS COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL. NUMBER OF YEARS 2. COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS=37.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS=-122.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 11

July Soybeans Area 24

WEEK BASIS
5 49.33
6 62.33
7 59.00
8 71.25
9 67.62
10 108.50
11 127.00
12 87.33
13 78.00
14 100.75
15 84.00
16 75.75
17 81.50
18 70.50
19 53.37
20 64.76
21 60.26
22 72.67
23 64.87
24 60.31
25 53.13
26 63.50

WEEK NO.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
August Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR WASHINGTON AND SCOTT COUNTIES.
BASE FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2. COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS= -17.75 OCCURRED IN WEEK 43
WIDEST BASIS= -73.67 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 25
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR WASHINGTON AND SCOTT COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS= -34.37  OCCURRED IN WEEK 7
WIDEST BASIS= -64.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 16

November Soybeans Area 25
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR WASHINGTON AND SCOTT COUNTIES,
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS= -23.50  OCCURRED IN WEEK 39
WIDEST BASIS= -105.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Soybeans Area 25

Historic Document
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR JEFFERSON, OHIO AND SWITZERLAND COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS= -8.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 8
WIDEST BASIS= -59.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 16

December Corn Area 26

WEEK BASIS
4  23.00
5  45.25
6  23.25
7  32.75
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21  29.33

WEEK NO.
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August  Sept.  October  Nov.  December  January  February  March  April  May  June  July
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR JEFFERSON, OHIO AND SWITZERLAND COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL.  NUMBER OF YEARS 2.  COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -16.62 OCCURRED IN WEEK 49
WIDEST BASIS = -74.62 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 26
1974-75 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR JEFFERSON, OHIO AND SWITZERLAND COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV. NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS: -23.93 OCCURRED IN WEEK 7
WIDEST BASIS: -66.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 13

November Soybeans Area

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WEEK NO.  0.00  3.00  6.00  9.00  12.00  15.00  18.00  21.00  24.00  27.00
           30.00  33.00  36.00  39.00  42.00  45.00  48.00  51.00  54.00
August Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July
Historic Document

1974-75 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR JEFFERSON, OHIO AND SWITZERLAND COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS

NARROWEST BASIS: -8.16  OCCURRED IN WEEK 41
WIDEST BASIS=-125.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 13

July Soybeans Area

Historic Document
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR GIBSON AND PIKE COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -14.91 OCCURRED IN WEEK 21
WIDEST BASIS = -44.67 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

December Corn Area 27

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1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR GIBSON AND PIKE COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS: -7.87 OCCURRED IN WEEK 50
WIDEST BASIS: -61.04 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 27

[Graph showing grain basis data with basis values for each week from 1 to 30, with a map of Indiana inset.]

0.00 3.00 6.00 9.00 12.00 15.00 18.00 21.00 24.00 27.00 30.00 33.00 36.00 39.00 42.00 45.00 48.00 51.00 54.00 57.00 60.00 63.00 66.00 69.00 72.00 75.00 78.00 81.00 84.00 87.00 90.00 93.00 96.00 99.00 102.00
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR GIBSON AND PIKE COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS = -29.16 OCCURRED IN WEEK 7
WIDEST BASIS = -60.75 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

November Soybeans Area 27
1974-75 AVERAGE CRAIN BASIS DATA FOR GIBSON AND PIKE COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS
HIGHEST BASIS = 103.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 41
WIDEST BASIS = -103.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Soybeans Area 27
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR POSEY, VANDERBURGH AND WARRICK COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -6.62 OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS = -44.12 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

December Corn Area 28

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Annu. Sept. October Nov. December January February March April May June July
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR POSEY, VANDERBURGH AND WARRICK COUNTIES.
Basis for Futures Month Jul Number of Years 2 Commodity Corn
Narrowest Basis = -3.21 Occurred in Week 42
Widest Basis = -60.50 Occurred in Week 14

July Corn Area 28
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR POSEY, VANDERBURGH AND WARRICK COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS

NARROWEST BASIS= -17.0  OCCURRED IN WEEK 7

WIDEST BASIS= -48.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

November Soybeans Area 28
1974-75 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR POSEY, VANDERBURGH AND WARRICK COUNTIES.

Basis for Futures Month Jul  Number of Years 2  Commodity Beans
Narrowest Basis: -4.87  Occurred in Week 43
Widest Basis: -90.75 Occurred in Week 14

July Soybeans Area 28
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR SPENCER, PERRY AND CRAWFORD COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS = -23.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 1
WIDEST BASIS = -53.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

December Corn Area 29
1974-75 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR SPENCER, PERRY AND CRAWFORD COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS= -16.25 OCCURRED IN WEEK 47
WIDEST BASIS= -69.38 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 29
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR SPENCER, PERRY AND CRAWFORD COUNTIES.
Basis for futures month Nov. number of years 2 commodity plans
Narrowest basis: -$4.00 occurred in week 9
Widest basis: -63.75 occurred in week 14

November Soybeans Area 29
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR SPENCER, PERRY AND CRAWFORD COUNTIES.
BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS: -26.62  OCCURRED IN WEEK 43
WIDEST BASIS: 106.50 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Soybeans Area  29

Historic Document
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR HARRISON, FLOYD AND CLARK COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH DEC NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS= -9.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS= -40.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

December Corn Area 30
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR HARRISON, FLOYD AND CLARK COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH JUL  NUMBER OF YEARS 2  COMMODITY CORN
NARROWEST BASIS= 3.0 OCCURRED IN WEEK 23
WIDEST BASIS= -56.37 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Corn Area 30

![Graph showing grain basis data for Harrison, Floyd, and Clark counties from 1974-76. The graph includes a table with week numbers and basis values, and a map of Indiana.](image-url)
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR HARRISON, FLOYD AND CLARK COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MONTH NOV. NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS
NARROWEST BASIS = 7.37 OCCURRED IN WEEK 4
WIDEST BASIS = -30.00 OCCURRED IN WEEK 13

November Soybeans Area

[Diagram showing basis variations over weeks]
1974-76 AVERAGE GRAIN BASIS DATA FOR HARRISON, FLOYD AND CLARK COUNTIES.

BASIS FOR FUTURES MAY JULY NUMBER OF YEARS 2 COMMODITY BEANS

NARROWEST BASIS = 38.87 OCCURRED IN WEEK 45

WIDEST BASIS = -69.62 OCCURRED IN WEEK 14

July Soybeans Area 30