Purdue University Purdue e-Pubs

Center for Families Publications

Center for Families

November 2005

Gambling: What are the Odds for Indiana Families

Follow this and additional works at: http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/cffpub

"Gambling: What are the Odds for Indiana Families" (2005). Center for Families Publications. Paper 11. http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/cffpub/11

This document has been made available through Purdue e-Pubs, a service of the Purdue University Libraries. Please contact epubs@purdue.edu for additional information.

Family Impact Seminars



Gambling: What Are the Odds for Indiana Families?

Briefing Report November 2005

Gambling: What Are the Odds for Indiana Families?

Indiana Family Impact Seminars

November 21, 2005

Sponsoring Organizations

Center for Families, Purdue University
The Department of Family Relations, Ball State University
Family Service Council of Indiana
Indiana Association of Family and Consumer Sciences
The Institute for Family and Social Responsibility, Indiana University
Indiana Association for Marriage and Family Therapy
Indiana Extension Homemakers Association®
Purdue Extension, Consumer and Family Sciences

Purpose, Presenters and Publications

Family Impact Seminars have been well received by federal policymakers in Washington, DC, and Indiana is one of several states to sponsor such seminars for state policymakers. Family Impact Seminars provide state-of-the-art research on current family issues for state legislators and their aides, Governor's Office staff, state agency representatives, educators, and service providers. One of the best ways to help individuals is by strengthening their families. Therefore, the Family Impact Seminars speakers analyze the consequences an issue, policy or program may have for families.

The seminars provide objective, nonpartisan information on current issues and do not lobby for particular policies. Seminar participants discuss policy options and identify common ground where it exists.

Gambling: What Are the Odds for Indiana Families is the eighth in a continuing series designed to bring a family focus to policymaking. The topic was chosen by the very legislators these seminars are intended to inform. This year's topic focuses on two policy approaches—The Impact of Gambling on Budgets: Households and Beyond and Exploring Gambling as a Public Health Matter. This eighth seminar features the following speakers:

Jennifer Reynolds, M.Ed.
Mgr, Public Health Gambling Project
Dept. of Public Health Sciences
Faculty of Medicine
Univ. of Toronto
Toronto, Canada
(416) 978-8498
Fax (416) 946-0096
jennifer.reynolds@utoronto.ca

Larry DeBoer, Ph.D.
Professor, Agricultural Economics
Purdue University
Krannert Building, Rm. 618
403 W. State Street
West Lafayette, IN 47906
(765) 494-4314
Fax (765) 494-9176
Ideboer@purdue.edu

For further information on the seminar contact coordinator Karen DeZarn, Purdue Extension Administration, Purdue University, 812 West State Street, Matthews Hall 110, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2060

Phone: (765) 494-8252 FAX: (765) 496-1947 e-mail: kdezarn@purdue.edu

We hope that this information is useful to you in your deliberations, and we look forward to continuing to provide educational seminars and briefing reports in the future.

Gambling Links

(Taken from the Center for Families website http://www.cfs.purdue.edu/CFF)

1. National Gambling Impact Study (http://govinfo.library.unt.edu/ngisc/)

National report released in 1999 that discusses the major issues, such as regulating gambling, problem and pathological gambling, Native American Tribal gambling, Internet gambling, impact on people and places, and future research needs.

2. Gambling Impact and Behavior Study (http://www.norc.uchicago.edu/new/gamb-fin.htm)

The National Opinion Research Center at the University of Chicago, in collaboration with a team of consultants, analyzed five new data sets on gambling behavior, problems, and attitudes. Nationally representative surveys were conducted in 1999 with adults and adolescents, and ten community case studies were conducted to study the effects of casino openings. This data was also highlighted in the National Gambling Impact Study.

3. Impact on Gambling: Economic Effects More Measurable than Social Effects (www.gao.gov/new.items/gg00078.pdf)

This report, released in 2000, examined the National Gambling Impact Study and conducted a case study in Atlantic City, NJ from issues raised in the national report. The GAO report focused on four areas:

- the economic effects of gambling, particularly on employment, bankruptcy, and tax revenues and community investment;
- the social effects of gambling;
- the prevalence of pathological gambling, and
- whether communities offer incentives to attract gambling establishments.

Some of the overall findings indicate that there is no direct link between gambling and bankruptcy and it is difficult to clearly identify the social effects of gambling.

4. Center for Urban Policy and the Environment (http://www.urbancenter.iupui.edu/WhatWeDo/WhatWeDo Projects.asp?subcategoryID =17)

This site provides links to reports that the Center has produced, such as an evaluation of various aspects of Indiana riverboat gambling, needs assessments and market analysis surrounding gambling in Indiana communities. In addition, the Center led the 1999 Indiana Gambling Impact Study Commission and produced a report on the economic and social impacts of gambling in Indiana communities. This report is available by calling the Center at 317-261-3000.

5. Harvard Medical School Institute for Research on Pathological Gambling and Related Disorders

http://www.divisiononaddictions.org/institute/index.htm

This site provides links to research, curriculum, and guides that address pathological gambling in adults and adolescents.

6. Public Health Gambling Project, University of Toronto (http://www.phgp.org/about.htm)

The Public Health Gambling project provides links to peer-reviewed research in the areas of gambling and public health. It also provides links to other Canadian and international websites on problem gambling and adolescent gambling.

7. The Centre for Gambling Studies, The University of Auckland (http://www.health.auckland.ac.nz/population-health/gambling-studies/)

Through the Medical and Health Sciences division, this website offers links to international research and researchers on gambling, particularly continuous forms of gambling such as electronic gambling machines.

8. Gambling in America ((http://www.baylor.edu/provost/index.php?id=28260)

This book, written by Dr. Earl Grinols, establishes a framework for a cost-benefit analysis to evaluate the social and economic costs of casinos in American communities. Dr. Grinols was one of the first academics to call for a national gambling impact study commission, and was instrumental in bringing attention the social and economic costs of gambling in America. This link is to his faculty website at Baylor University. The book may be ordered through Amazon.com.



A Checklist for Assessing the Impact of Policies and Programs on Families

The first step in developing family-friendly policies is to ask the right questions:

- What can government and community institutions do to enhance the family's capacity to help itself and others?
- ❖ What effect does (or will) this policy (or proposed program) have for families? Will it help or hurt, strengthen or weaken family life?

These questions sound simple, but they can be difficult to answer. The Family Criteria (Ad Hoc) Task Force of the Consortium of Family Organizations (COFO) developed a checklist to assess the intended and unintended consequences of policies and programs on family stability, family relationships, and family responsibilities. The checklist includes six basic principles. These principles serve as the criteria for evaluating policies and programs for sensitivity to and support of families. Each principle is accompanied by a series of family impact questions.

The principles are not rank ordered and sometimes they conflict with each other, requiring trade-offs. Cost effectiveness also must be considered. Some questions are value-neutral and others incorporate specific values. People may not always agree on these values, so sometimes the questions will require rephrasing. This tool, however, reflects a broad nonpartisan consensus, and it can be useful to people across the political spectrum.

For the questions that apply to your policy or program, record the impact on family well-being.

Principle 1. Family support and responsibilities.

Policies and programs should aim to support and supplement family functioning and provide substitute services only as a last resort.

Does the proposal or program:

- support and supplement parents' and other family members' ability to carry out their responsibilities?
- provide incentives for other persons to take over family functioning when doing so may not be necessary?
- set unrealistic expectations for families to assume financial and/or caregiving responsibilities for dependent, seriously ill, or disabled family members?
- enforce absent parents' obligations to provide financial support for their children?

Principle 2. Family membership and stability.

Whenever possible, policies and programs should encourage and reinforce marital, parental, and family commitment and stability, especially when children are involved. Intervention in family membership and living arrangements is usually justified only to protect family members from serious harm or at the request of the family itself.

Does the policy or program:

- ❖ provide incentives or disincentives to marry, separate, or divorce?
- ❖ provide incentives or disincentives to give birth to, foster, or adopt children?
- strengthen marital commitment or parental obligations?
- ❖ use appropriate criteria to justify removal of a child or adult from the family?
- allocate resources to help keep the marriage or family together when this is the appropriate goal?
- recognize that major changes in family relationships such as divorce or adoption are processes that extend over time and require continuing support and attention?

Principle 3. Family involvement and interdependence.

Policies and programs must recognize the interdependence of family relationships, the strength and persistence of family ties and obligations, and the wealth of resources that families can mobilize to help their members.

To what extent does the policy or program:

- recognize the reciprocal influence of family needs on individual needs, and the influence of individual needs on family needs?
- recognize the complexity and responsibilities involved in caring for family members with special needs (e.g., physically or mentally disabled, or chronically ill)?
- involve immediate and extended family members in working toward a solution?
- acknowledge the power and persistence of family ties, even when they are problematic or destructive?
- build on informal social support networks (such as community/neighborhood organizations, religious communities) that are essential to families' lives?
- * respect family decisions about the division of labor?
- ❖ address issues of power inequity in families?
- ensure perspectives of all family members are represented?
- assess and balance the competing needs, rights, and interests of various family members?
- protect the rights and safety of families while respecting parents' rights and family integrity?

Principle 4. Family partnership and empowerment.

Policies and programs must encourage individuals and their close family members to collaborate as partners with program professionals in delivery of services to an individual. In addition, parent and family representatives are an essential resource in policy development, program planning, and evaluation.

In what specific ways does the policy or program:

- provide full information and a range of choices to families?
- respect family autonomy and allow families to make their own decisions? On what principles are family autonomy breached and program staff allowed to intervene and make decisions?
- encourage professionals to work in collaboration with the families of their clients, patients, or students?
- take into account the family's need to coordinate the multiple services they may require and integrate well with other programs and services that the families use?
- make services easily accessible to families in terms of location, operating hours, and easy-to-use application and intake forms?
- prevent participating families from being devalued, stigmatized, or subjected to humiliating circumstances?
- involve parents and family representatives in policy and program development, implementation, and evaluation?

Principle 5. Family diversity.

Families come in many forms and configurations, and policies and programs must take into account their varying effects on different types of families. Policies and programs must acknowledge and value the diversity of family life and not discriminate against or penalize families solely for reasons of structure, roles, cultural values, or life stage.

How does the policy or program:

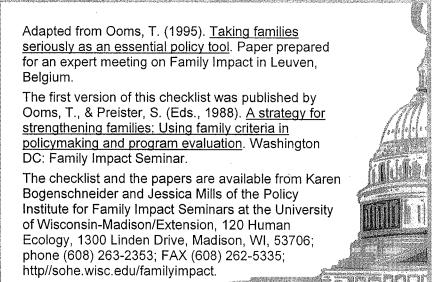
- affect various types of families?
- acknowledge intergenerational relationships and responsibilities among family members?
- ❖ provide good justification for targeting only certain family types, for example, only employed parents or single parents? Does it discriminate against or penalize other types of families for insufficient reason?
- identify and respect the different values, attitudes, and behavior of families from various racial, ethnic, religious, cultural, and geographic backgrounds that are relevant to program effectiveness?

Principle 6. Support of vulnerable families.

Families in greatest economic and social need, as well as those determined to be most vulnerable to breakdown, should be included in government policies and programs.

Does the policy or program:

- identify and publicly support services for families in the most extreme economic or social need?
- give support to families who are most vulnerable to breakdown and have the fewest resources?
- target efforts and resources toward preventing family problems before they become serious crises or chronic situations?



Sponsoring Organizations and Descriptions

The <u>Center for Families at Purdue University</u> focuses on improving the quality of life for families and strengthening the capacity of families to provide nurturing environments for their members. To accomplish this, the center works with four important groups whose efforts directly impact quality of life for families: extension educators, human service providers, employers, and policymakers. With informed sensitivity to family issues, these groups have the power to improve the quality of life for families in Indiana and beyond.

The Department of Family Relations at Ball State University includes a variety of majors from interior design and residential property management to nutrition and marriage and family relations. We offer courses in family relations, infant/toddler, child development, marriage, lifework management, family stress and family policy. Students are also required to take interdisciplinary coursework. In addition, students are required to complete a 400 hour internship at a family or child related facility which also includes government internships. Our curriculum has been designed to fulfill the academic requirements to become a Certified Family Life Educator (CFLE). CFLEs have received academic training in ten substantive areas related to the family, one of which is family policy, and are certified by the National Council of Family Relations, a professional organization.

The purpose of the Family Service Council of Indiana is to represent families and respond to their needs by strengthening member agencies and creating alliances to promote excellence in advocacy and service for families throughout Indiana. With 12 member agencies, the Family Service Council serves the citizens of nearly 60 Hoosier counties. FSCI member agencies offer a wide variety of programs, including counseling, sexual abuse assessment, homemaker services, children's programs, services for victims of domestic violence, as well as many other diverse programs for over 90,000 individuals, approximately 80 percent of whom are low income. These services are offered regardless of race, creed, or color on a sliding fee scale supported by local United Ways and governmental grants. Statewide, FSCI members employ approximately 1,000 people with various professional degrees and specific skills to assist clients in resolving their life issues. The total operating budgets for these member agencies range from \$220,000 to \$3.5 million.

The members of the <u>Indiana Association of Family and Consumer Sciences</u> focus on an integrative approach to the relationships among individuals, families and communities as well as the environments in which they function. The association supports the profession as it provides leadership in: improving individual, family and community well being; impacting the development, delivery and evaluation of consumer goods and services; influencing the creation of public policy; and shaping social change.

The Indiana Association of Marriage and Family Therapy is part of the American Association of Marriage and Family Therapy. Since the founding of AAMFT in 1942, they have been involved with the problems, needs and changing patterns of couples and family relationships. The association leads the way to increasing understanding, research and education in the field of marriage and family therapy, and ensuring that the public's needs are met by trained practitioners. The AAMFT provides individuals with the tools and resources they need to succeed as marriage and family therapists.

The Institute for Family and Social Responsibility is a joint venture of the Schools of Social Work and Public and Environmental Affairs designed to bring the resources of Indiana University researchers to the assistance of public policy makers on issues impacting Hoosier families. The Institute's mission is to bring together the resources of citizens, governments, communities and Indiana University to better the lives of children and families. Ongoing research projects have examined the impacts of welfare reforms, the efficiency of the township system of government, the adequacy of child support guidelines, community responses to the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families legislation, performance contracting for intensive family preservation services, and AIDS education for incarcerated youth. The Institute serves as the National Child Support Enforcement Research Clearinghouse.

It is the mission of the Indiana Extension Homemakers Association@ to strengthen families through continuing education, leadership development, and volunteer community support. We share information on new knowledge and research with our members and communities, promote programs on developing skills and family issues, and we support projects which help children and families in today's world.

<u>Purdue Extension Consumer and Family Sciences</u> provides informal educational programs that increase knowledge, influence attitudes, teach skills, and inspire aspirations. Through the adoption and application of these practices, the quality of individual, family, and community life is improved. Consumer and Family Sciences Extension is a part of the mission of the College of Consumer and Family Sciences at Purdue University and the Purdue Extension Service

The Impact of Gambling on Budgets: Households and Beyond

Larry DeBoer Purdue University

| | | | ı | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | • | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | * |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | پ |
| | | | | | |
| | | • | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | • | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | - |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| • | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Table 1 Demographic Characteristics of Samples

| | Single Adult, Low | t, Low | Single Adult, High | llt, High | Two Adults, Low | s, Low | Two Adults, High | , High | Households with | with | Children, High | igh |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------|--------|
| | Income | | Income | | Income | | Income | | Children, Low Income Income | w Income | Income | ı |
| | Fess | More | Less | More | Less | More | Less | More | Less | More | Less | More |
| | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming | Gaming |
| Sample Size | 969'6 | 148 | 1,838 | 42 | 4,441 | 68 | 3,931 | 172 | 6,865 | 69 | 7,443 | 149 |
| Mean Numbers of People | | | | | | | | | | | - | |
| Persons in Household | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 3.82 | 3.84 | 3.94 | 3.78 |
| Children under 18 | 00.00 | | 0.00 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 00.0 | 0.00 | 00.0 | 1.72 | 1.36 | 1.51 | 0.99 |
| Persons 65 and over | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.89 | 0.92 | 0.34 | 0.36 | 0.10 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 0.17 |
| Earners | 0.57 | 0.64 | 0.94 | 0.91 | 06.0 | 0.94 | 1.61 | 1.56 | 1.56 | 1.59 | 2.10 | 2.56 |
| Mean Age of reference person | 52.17 | 54.40 | 47.02 | 50.19 | 60.67 | 64.07 | 52.39 | 56.38 | 40.09 | 44.95 | 42.73 | 48.81 |
| Percent of Households | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 42.19 | 69.80 | 58.55 | 76.13 | 63.55 | 71.73 | 65.24 | 62.55 | 42.38 | 64.18 | 57.49 | 70.12 |
| Female | 57.81 | 30.20 | 41.45 | 23.87 | 36.45 | 28.27 | 34.76 | 37.45 | 57.62 | 35.81 | 42.51 | 29.88 |
| Black or African American | 12.93 | 60.9 | 7.53 | 19.36 | 6.35 | 1.75 | 3.41 | 4.71 | 18.15 | 26.29 | 7.85 | 10.79 |
| White, Asian, and All Other Races | 87.07 | 93.91 | 92.47 | 80.64 | 93.65 | 98.25 | 96.59 | 95.28 | 81.85 | 73.71 | 92.15 | 89.21 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 2.99 | 13.67 | 3.78 | 00.0 | 90.9 | 5.88 | 3.42 | 0.63 | 19.68 | 12.25 | 7.83 | 11.74 |
| Percent Homeowner/Renter | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homeowner | 45.95 | 49.06 | 67.93 | 66.40 | 82.92 | 92.59 | 88.04 | 88.19 | 58.09 | 72.12 | 88.74 | 91.16 |
| Renter | 54.05 | 50.93 | 32.07 | 33.60 | 17.08 | 7.41 | 11.96 | 11.81 | 41.91 | 27.88 | 11.26 | 8.84 |
| Mean Number of Vehicles Owned | 0.93 | 1.12 | 1.41 | 1.79 | 2.13 | 2.35 | 2.75 | 2.90 | 1.91 | 2.59 | 2.91 | 3.54 |
| Percent Educational Attainment | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Elementary (1-8) | 8.73 | 14.01 | 1.52 | 00.00 | 9.38 | 6.15 | 1.13 | 0.63 | 7.86 | 5.28 | 1.50 | 1.97 |
| High school (9-12) | 37.66 | 45.23 | 14.22 | 29.70 | 42.68 | 54.71 | 24.94 | 38.47 | 46.78 | 46.31 | 26.16 | 45.07 |
| College | 53.23 | 40.76 | 84.26 | 70.30 | 47.64 | 37.81 | 73.94 | 60.22 | 45.06 | 48.40 | 72.29 | 52.95 |
| Mean Income and Spending (dollars) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income before taxes | 13,843 | 20,314 | 72,233 | 70,821 | 16,582 | 19,500 | 94,143 | 77,968 | 16,739 | 14,612 | 92,973 | 95,158 |
| Total expenditures | 18,627 | 28,960 | 44,124 | 51,198 | 30,813 | 37,604 | 60,963 | 58,205 | 32,454 | 49,270 | 64,647 | 69,067 |
| Lotteries and parimutuel losses | 10 | 1,506 | 19 | 941 | 16 | 1,304 | 22 | 1,642 | 10 | 1,579 | 19 | 1,119 |

Source: Calculated from Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, interview microdata, 2003.

Table 2
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Single Adult, Low Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | Difference |
| | | | | Percentage | of Income | |
| Income before taxes | 13,843 | 20,314 | 6,470 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 8,021 | 11,885 | 3,864 | 57.9% | 58.5% | 0.6% |
| Self-employment income | 216 | 1,227 | 1,011 | 1.6% | 6.0% | 4.5% |
| Social Security, private and government | 4,502 | 6,242 | 1,740 | 32.5% | 30.7% | -1.8% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 385 | 488 | 103 | 2.8% | 2.4% | -0.4% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 140 | 169 | 30 | 1.0% | 0.8% | -0.2% |
| Public assistance | 176 | 126 | (50) | 1.3% | 0.6% | -0.7% |
| Regular contributions for support | 198 | 49 | (149) | 1.4% | 0.2% | -1.2% |
| Other income | 205 | 128 | (77) | 1.5% | 0.6% | -0.8% |
| Total Expenditures | 18,627 | 28,960 | 10,333 | 134.6% | 142.6% | 8.0% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | (4,784) | (8,646) | (3,862) | | -42.6% | -8.0% |
| | | | | Percentage | of Expendi | tures |
| Total Expenditures | 18,627 | 28,960 | 10,333 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 2,686 | 3,618 | 932 | 14.4% | 12.5% | -1.9% |
| Food at home | 1,968 | 2,350 | 382 | 10.6% | 8.1% | -1.9% -2.5% |
| Food away from home | 718 | 1,268 | 550 | 3.9% | 4.4% | 0.5% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 207 | 732 | 525 | 1.1% | 2.5% | 1.4% |
| At home | 101 | 251 | 150 | 0.5% | 0.9% | 0.3% |
| Away from home | 106 | 481 | 375 | 0.6% | 1.7% | 1.1% |
| Housing | 7,101 | 8,896 | 1,795 | 38.1% | 30.7% | -7.4% |
| Owned Dwellings | 1,943 | 3,037 | 1,093 | 10.4% | 10.5% | 0.1% |
| Rented Dwellings | 2,610 | 2,920 | 310 | 14.0% | 10.1% | -3.9% |
| Other Lodging | 155 | 218 | 63 | 0.8% | 0.8% | -0.1% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 1,620 | 1,953 | 333 | 8.7% | 6.7% | -2.0% |
| Household operations | 316 | 234 | (82) | 1.7% | 0.8% | -0.9% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 457 | 535 | 78 | 2.5% | 1.8% | -0.6% |
| Apparel and services | 501 | 876 | 375 | 2.7% | 3.0% | 0.3% |
| Apparel | 436 | 778 | 342 | 2.3% | 2.7% | 0.3% |
| Services | 65 | 98 | 32 | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| Transportation | 3,105 | 4,978 | 1,873 | 16.7% | 17.2% | 0.5% |
| Vehicle purchases | 1,338 | 2,590 | 1,252 | 7.2% | 8.9% | 1.8% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 606 | 712 | 106 | 3.3% | 2.5% | -0.8% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 111 | 187 | 76 | 0.6% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 300 | 312 | 12 | 1.6% | 1.1% | -0.5% |
| Vehicle insurance | 422 | 591 | 168 | 2.3% | 2.0% | -0.2% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 151 | 299 | 148 | 0.8% | 1.0% | 0.2% |
| Public transportation | 176 | 287 | 110 | 0.9% | 1.0% | 0.0% |

Table 2
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Single Adult, Low Income | Do | ollars | | 1 | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|---------------|------|-----------|
| , | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | ifference |
| | | | | Percentage of | • | |
| Health care | 1,395 | 1,758 | 363 | 7.5% | 6.1% | -1.4% |
| Health insurance | 760 | 1,121 | 361 | 4.1% | 3.9% | -0.2% |
| Medical services | 315 | 278 | (37) | 1.7% | 1.0% | -0.7% |
| Prescription drugs | 280 | 323 | 43 | 1.5% | 1.1% | -0.4% |
| Medical supplies | 40 | 35 | (5) | 0.2% | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Entertainment | 781 | 1,950 | 1,168 | 4.2% | 6.7% | 2.5% |
| Fees and admissions | 174 | 372 | 198 | 0.9% | 1.3% | 0.3% |
| Television, radios, sound equipment | 404 | 820 | 416 | 2.2% | 2.8% | 0.7% |
| Pets, toys and playground equipment | 122 | 130 | 8 | 0.7% | 0.5% | -0.2% |
| Other entertainment | 81 | 627 | 546 | 0.4% | 2.2% | 1.7% |
| Personal care | 139 | 176 | 37 | 0.7% | 0.6% | -0.1% |
| Products | 3 | 2 | (1) | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Services | 136 | 175 | 38 | 0.7% | 0.6% | -0.1% |
| Reading | 78 | 116 | 38 | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| Newspapers and magazines | 48 | 82 | 35 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| Books | 30 | 34 | 4 | 0.2% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| Education | 490 | 18 | (472) | 2.6% | 0.1% | -2.6% |
| College tuition | 395 | | (395) | 2.1% | 0.0% | -2.1% |
| Elementary and high school tuition | 3 | _ | (3) | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Other schools tuition | 7 | | (7) | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Other expenses and supplies | 85 | 18 | (67) | | 0.1% | -0.4% |
| | 40.4 | 000 | | | | |
| Tobacco products/smoking supplies | 181 | 332 | 151 | 1.0% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| Miscellaneous | 313 | 432 | 119 | 1.7% | 1.5% | -0.2% |
| Legal and Accounting fees | 79 | 229 | 150 | 0.4% | 0.8% | 0.4% |
| Funeral and Cemetery expenses | 51 | 60 | 9 | 0.3% | 0.2% | -0.1% |
| Finance, bank, interest charges | 146 | 108 | (38) | 0.8% | 0.4% | -0.4% |
| Other miscellaneous | 36 | 35 | (1) | 0.2% | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Lotteries and parimutuel losses | 10 | 1,506 | 1,496 | 0.1% | 5.2% | 5.1% |
| Cash contributions | 706 | 1,676 | 970 | 3.8% | 5.8% | 2.0% |
| Charity and political contributions | 304 | 177 | (126) | | 0.6% | -1.0% |
| Alimony and child support | 155 | 631 | 476 | 0.8% | 2.2% | 1.3% |
| Cash gifts | 247 | 867 | 621 | 1.3% | 3.0% | 1.7% |
| Personal insurance and pensions | 934 | 1,896 | 962 | 5.0% | 6.5% | 1.5% |
| Life and other personal insurance | 123 | 252 | 129 | 0.7% | 0.9% | 0.2% |
| Pensions | 159 | 547 | 387 | 0.9% | 1.9% | 1.0% |
| Deductions for Social Security | 652 | 1,097 | 445 | 3.5% | 3.8% | 0.3% |

Table 3
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Single Adult, High Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|---|---------|--------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| , , | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | Less | | Difference |
| • | | | F | Percentage | of Income | |
| Income before taxes | 72,233 | 70,821 | (1,413) | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 58,496 | 52,974 | (5,521) | 81.0% | 74.8% | -6.2% |
| Self-employment income | 5,696 | 7,206 | 1,511 | 7.9% | 10.2% | 2.3% |
| Social Security, private and government | 4,420 | 8,604 | 4,184 | 6.1% | 12.1% | 6.0% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 2,695 | 1,982 | (713) | 3.7% | 2.8% | -0.9% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 83 | 54 | (29) | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.0% |
| Public assistance | - | _ | | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Regular contributions for support | 619 | - | (619) | 0.9% | 0.0% | -0.9% |
| Other income | 225 | - | (225) | 0.3% | 0.0% | -0.3% |
| Total Expenditures | 44,124 | 51,198 | 7,075 | 61.1% | 72.3% | 11.2% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | 28,109 | 19,622 | (8,487) | 38.9% | 27.7% | -11.2% |
| | | ··· | F | Percentage | of Expend | itures |
| Total Expenditures | 44,124 | 51,198 | 7,075 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 4,595 | 5,117 | 522 | 10.4% | 10.0% | -0.4% |
| Food at home | 2,713 | 2,795 | 82 | 6.1% | 5.5% | -0.7% |
| Food away from home | 1,882 | 2,322 | 439 | 4.3% | 4.5% | 0.3% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 617 | 1,000 | 383 | 1.4% | 2.0% | 0.6% |
| At home | 254 | 527 | 273 | 0.6% | 1.0% | 0.5% |
| Away from home | 363 | 473 | 110 | 0.8% | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| Housing | 14,780 | 14,613 | (167) | 33.5% | 28.5% | -5.0% |
| Owned Dwellings | 6,587 | 5,857 | (730) | 14.9% | 11.4% | -3.5% |
| Rented Dwellings | 2,967 | 2,713 | (254) | 6.7% | 5.3% | -1.4% |
| Other Lodging | 710 | 645 | (65) | 1.6% | 1.3% | -0.3% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 2,451 | 2,909 | 457 | 5.6% | 5.7% | 0.1% |
| Household operations | 494 | 504 | 10 | 1.1% | 1.0% | -0.1% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 1,570 | 1,985 | 415 | 3.6% | 3.9% | 0.3% |
| Apparel and services | 1,297 | 2,003 | 706 | 2.9% | 3.9% | 1.0% |
| Apparel | 1,123 | 1,724 | 601 | 2.5% | 3.4% | 0.8% |
| Services | 174 | 279 | 106 | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.2% |
| Transportation | 7,344 | 9,300 | 1,956 | 16.6% | 18.2% | 1.5% |
| Vehicle purchases | 3,412 | 3,550 | 138 | 7.7% | 6.9% | -0.8% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 1,015 | 1,355 | 340 | 2.3% | 2.6% | 0.3% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 303 | 566 | 263 | 0.7% | 1.1% | 0.4% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 591 | 881 | 290 | 1.3% | 1.7% | 0.4% |
| Vehicle insurance | 846 | 1,086 | 240 | 1.9% | 2.1% | 0.2% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 526 | 980 | 454 | 1.2% | 1.9% | 0.7% |
| Public transportation | 651 | 882 | 231 | 1.5% | 1.7% | 0.2% |

Table 3
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

Single Adult, High Income **Dollars** Gaming: Gaming: Less More Difference Less More Difference Percentage of Expenditures Health care 1,767 1,899 132 4.0% 3.7% -0.3% Health insurance 834 1.154 319 1.9% 2.3% 0.4% Medical services 676 492 (184)1.5% 1.0% -0.6% Prescription drugs 206 231 25 0.5% 0.5% 0.0% Medical supplies 51 23 (28)0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Entertainment 1,991 3,676 1,684 4.5% 7.2% 2.7% Fees and admissions 639 1,028 389 1.4% 2.0% 0.6% Television, radios, sound equipment 816 1,083 267 1.9% 2.1% 0.3% Pets, toys and playground equipment 275 256 (19)0.6% 0.5% -0.1% Other entertainment 261 1,308 1,047 0.6% 2.6% 2.0% Personal care 240 231 (8)0.5% 0.5% -0.1% **Products** 6 (6)0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 234 231 (2)0.5% 0.5% -0.1% Reading 168 239 71 0.4% 0.5% 0.1% Newspapers and magazines 83 144 60 0.2% 0.3% 0.1% Books 85 95 0.2% 0.2% 11 0.0% Education 473 69 (404)1.1% 0.1% -0.9% College tuition 362 11 0.8% (351)0.0% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 (47)0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 2 11 0.0% (9)0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 52 56 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 222 832 609 0.5% 1.6% 1.1% Miscellaneous 745 408 (336)1.7% 0.8% -0.9% Legal and Accounting fees 301 23 0.7% (278)0.0% -0.6% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 51 25 0.1% (26)0.0% -0.1% Finance, bank, interest charges 268 277 0.6% 0.5% -0.1% Other miscellaneous 125 83 (42)0.3% 0.2% -0.1% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 19 941 923 0.0% 1.8% 1.8% Cash contributions 2,653 3.418 765 6.0% 6.7% 0.7% Charity and political contributions (386)1,148 761 2.6% 1.5% -1.1% Alimony and child support 1,128 2,198 1,070 2.6% 4.3% 1.7% Cash gifts 378 459 81 0.9% 0.9% 0.0% Personal insurance and pensions 7,213 7,453 240 16.3% 14.6% -1.8% Life and other personal insurance 333 442 109 0.8% 0.9% 0.1% Pensions 2,312 2,582 269 5.2% 5.0% -0.2% **Deductions for Social Security** 4,568 4,429 (139)10.4% 8.7% -1.7%

Table 4
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Two Adults, Low Income | | ollars | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| • | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | Difference |
| | | , ,, | | Percentage | of Income | |
| In a successful for the successf | 46 500 | 10 500 | 0.040 | 400.00/ | 400.00/ | 0.00/ |
| Income before taxes | 16,582 | 19,500 | 2,918 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 6,690 | 6,031 | (658) | 40.3% | 30.9% | -9.4% |
| Self-employment income | 59 | (646) | (705) | | -3.3% | -3.7% |
| Social Security, private and government | 8,933 | 12,899 | 3,966 | 53.9% | 66.1% | 12.3% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 485 | 880 | 395 | 2.9% | 4.5% | 1.6% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 137 | 208 | 71 | 0.8% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| Public assistance | 208 | 89 | (119) | 1 | 0.5% | -0.8% |
| Regular contributions for support | 33 | 31 | (2) | | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| Other income | 38 | 7 | (31) | 0.2% | 0.0% | -0.2% |
| Total Expenditures | 30,813 | 37,604 | 6,791 | 185.8% | 192.8% | 7.0% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | (14,231) | (18,104) | (3,873) | 1 | -92.8% | -7.0% |
| | | | | Davaantana | of Evenes d | |
| | | | | Percentage | or Expend | itures |
| Total Expenditures | 30,813 | 37,604 | 6,791 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 4,758 | 5,554 | 796 | 15.4% | 14.8% | -0.7% |
| Food at home | 3,620 | 3,933 | 312 | 11.7% | 10.5% | -1.3% |
| Food away from home | 1,138 | 1,621 | 483 | 3.7% | 4.3% | 0.6% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 186 | 367 | 181 | 0.6% | 1.0% | 0.4% |
| At home | 112 | 178 | 66 | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.1% |
| Away from home | 74 | 189 | 115 | 0.2% | 0.5% | 0.3% |
| Housing | 9,924 | 9,235 | (690) | 32.2% | 24.6% | -7.7% |
| Owned Dwellings | 4,152 | 3,680 | (472) | | 9.8% | -3.7% |
| Rented Dwellings | 1,224 | 844 | (380) | 4.0% | 2.2% | -1.7% |
| Other Lodging | 395 | 471 | 77 | 1.3% | 1.3% | 0.0% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 2,696 | 2,709 | 13 | 8.8% | 7.2% | -1.5% |
| Household operations | 402 | 462 | 60 | 1.3% | 1.2% | -0.1% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 1,055 | 1,069 | 14 | 3.4% | 2.8% | -0.1% |
| Trouberrora ratthorningo and oquipment | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1-7 | 0.470 | 2.070 | -0.070 |
| Apparel and services | 738 | 1,036 | 298 | 2.4% | 2.8% | 0.4% |
| Apparel | 674 | 988 · | 314 | 2.2% | 2.6% | 0.4% |
| Services | 64 | 48 | (16) | | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Transportation | 6,377 | 9,481 | 3,103 | 20.7% | 25.2% | 4.5% |
| Vehicle purchases | 2,945 | 5,578 | 2,634 | 9.6% | 14.8% | 5.3% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 1,186 | 1,384 | 198 | 3.8% | 3.7% | -0.2% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 272 | 1,304 | (78) | | 0.5% | -0.4% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 482 | 676 | 194 | 1.6% | 1.8% | 0.2% |
| Vehicle insurance | 799 | 986 | 187 | 2.6% | 2.6% | 0.2% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 363 | 459 | 96 | 1.2% | 1.2% | 0.0% |
| Public transportation | 331 | 203 | (129) | | 0.5% | |
| i ubilo transportation | 331 | 203 | (129) | 1.170 | 0.5% | -0.5% |

Table 4
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Two Adults, Low Income | D | ollars | | l | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|------------|-------|-----------|
| , | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | ifference |
| | 0.500 | 4740 | 4 400 | Percentage | | |
| Health care | 3,526 | 4,712 | 1,186 | 11.4% | 12.5% | 1.1% |
| Health insurance | 1,997 | 2,453 | 456 | 6.5% | 6.5% | 0.0% |
| Medical services | 753 | 798 | 45 | 2.4% | 2.1% | -0.3% |
| Prescription drugs | 675 | 1,038 | 363 | 2.2% | 2.8% | 0.6% |
| Medical supplies | 101 | 423 | 322 | 0.3% | 1.1% | 0.8% |
| Entertainment | 1,610 | 2,168 | 558 | 5.2% | 5.8% | 0.5% |
| Fees and admissions | 328 | 671 | 343 | 1.1% | 1.8% | 0.7% |
| Television, radios, sound equipment | 590 | 877 | 287 | 1.9% | 2.3% | 0.4% |
| Pets, toys and playground equipment | 223 | 285 | 62 | 0.7% | 0.8% | 0.0% |
| Other entertainment | 470 | 336 | (134) | 1.5% | 0.9% | -0.6% |
| Personal care | 256 | 292 | 36 | 0.8% | 0.8% | -0.1% |
| Products | 4 | 11 | 6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Services | 252 | 282 | 30 | 0.8% | 0.7% | -0.1% |
| Reading | 142 | 173 | 31 | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.0% |
| Newspapers and magazines | 94 | 137 | 43 | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.1% |
| Books | 47 | 35 | (12) | 1 | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Education | 243 | 18 | (225) | 0.8% | 0.0% | -0.7% |
| College tuition | 194 | 18 | (176) | | 0.0% | -0.6% |
| Elementary and high school tuition | 1 | _ | (1) | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Other schools tuition | 17 | _ | (17) | | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Other expenses and supplies | 31 | _ | (31) | | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Cities expenses and supplies | 01 | | (01) | 0.170 | 0.070 | -0.176 |
| Tobacco products/smoking supplies | 233 | 268 | 35 | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| Miscellaneous | 428 | 525 | 97 | 1.4% | 1.4% | 0.0% |
| Legal and Accounting fees | 100 | 113 | 13 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| Funeral and Cemetery expenses | 147 | 148 | 1 | 0.5% | 0.4% | -0.1% |
| Finance, bank, interest charges | 111 | 205 | 94 | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.2% |
| Other miscellaneous | 70 | 59 | (10) | 0.2% | 0.2% | -0.1% |
| Lotteries and parimutuel losses | 16 | 1,304 | 1,289 | 0.1% | 3.5% | 3.4% |
| Cash contributions | 1,235 | 1,515 | 281 | 4.0% | 4.0% | 0.0% |
| Charity and political contributions | 744 | 566 | (178) | | 1.5% | -0.9% |
| Alimony and child support | 85 | - | (85) | | 0.0% | -0.3% |
| Cash gifts | 406 | 949 | 544 | 1.3% | 2.5% | 1.2% |
| Personal insurance and pensions | 1,143 | 957 | (185) | 3.7% | 2.5% | -1.2% |
| Life and other personal insurance | 415 | 333 | (82) | | 0.9% | -0.5% |
| Pensions | 157 | 102 | (55) | | 0.3% | -0.2% |
| Deductions for Social Security | 570 | 523 | (47) | | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| | J. J | ~~~ | (' ') | 1 | /0 | . 5.570 |

Table 5
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Two Adults, High Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|---|---------|--------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | ifference |
| | | | | Percentage | of Income | |
| Income before taxes | 94,143 | 77,968 | (16,175) | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 73,416 | 59,404 | (14,011) | 1 | 76.2% | -1.8% |
| Self-employment income | 5,058 | 2,477 | (2,581) | | 3.2% | -2.2% |
| Social Security, private and government | 11,713 | 13,947 | 2,233 | 12.4% | 17.9% | 5.4% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 3,286 | 1,428 | (1,858) | l . | 1.8% | -1.7% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 357 | 670 | 313 | 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.5% |
| Public assistance | 52 | 25 | (27) | | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Regular contributions for support | 133 | 17 | (117) | | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Other income | 128 | 1 | (127) | 0.1% | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Total Expenditures | 60,963 | 58,205 | (2,757) | 64.8% | 74.7% | 9.9% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | 33,181 | 19,763 | (13,418) | | 25.3% | -9.9% |
| | | , . | | Percentage | of Expendi | tures |
| Total Expenditures | 60,963 | 58,205 | (2,757) | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 6,667 | 6,367 | (300) | 10.9% | 10.9% | 0.0% |
| Food at home | 4,290 | 4,164 | (126) | | 7.2% | 0.1% |
| Food away from home | 2,377 | 2,203 | (174) | | 3.8% | -0.1% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 510 | 649 | 139 | 0.8% | 1.1% | 0.3% |
| At home | 268 | 249 | (19) | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| Away from home | 241 | 400 | 159 | 0.4% | 0.7% | 0.3% |
| Housing | 17,217 | 14,313 | (2,903) | 28.2% | 24.6% | -3.7% |
| Owned Dwellings | 8,060 | 6,649 | (1,411) | 13.2% | 11.4% | -1.8% |
| Rented Dwellings | 1,353 | 964 | (389) | 2.2% | 1.7% | -0.6% |
| Other Lodging | 1,146 | 857 | (290) | 1.9% | 1.5% | -0.4% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 3,503 | 3,289 | (214) | 5.7% | 5.7% | -0.1% |
| Household operations | 804 | 667 | (137) | 1.3% | 1.1% | -0.2% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 2,349 | 1,887 | (463) | 3.9% | 3.2% | -0.6% |
| Apparel and services | 1,712 | 1,618 | (94) | 2.8% | 2.8% | 0.0% |
| Apparel | 1,545 | 1,480 | (65) | 2.5% | 2.5% | 0.0% |
| Services | 167 | 138 | (29) | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| Transportation | 12,589 | 17,595 | 5,006 | 20.7% | 30.2% | 9.6% |
| Vehicle purchases | 6,821 | 11,706 | 4,885 | 11.2% | 20.1% | 8.9% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 1,752 | 1,972 | 220 | 2.9% | 3.4% | 0.5% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 537 | 639 | 102 | 0.9% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 858 | 924 | 66 | 1.4% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| Vehicle insurance | 1,168 | 1,284 | 116 | 1.9% | 2.2% | 0.3% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 664 | 664 | 0 | 1.1% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| Public transportation | 789 | 406 | (384) | 1.3% | 0.7% | -0.6% |

Table 5
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Caming: Loss More More Difference Caming: Loss More Difference Loss More Difference Uniformation Loss More Difference Uniformation Loss More Difference Uniformation Loss More Difference Uniformation 1.0% | Two Adults, High Income | De | ollars | | I | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Health care | · - | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| Health care 3,466 2,736 (720) 5,7% 4,7% -1,0% Medical services 1,819 1,328 (492) 3,0% 2,3% -0,7% Medical services 931 816 (116) 1,5% 1,4% -0,1% Prescription drugs 561 520 (41) 0,9% 0,0% 0,0% Medical supplies 144 72 (72) 0,2% 0,1% -0,1% -0,1% Medical supplies 144 72 (72) 0,2% 0,1% -0,1% -0,1% Medical supplies 862 860 (1) 1,4% 1,5% 0,1% Television, radios, sound equipment 910 918 9 1,5% 1,16% 0,1% Television, radios, sound equipment 475 490 14 0,8% 0,8% 0,8% 0,1% 0,1% Other entertainment 1,153 563 (590) 1,9% 1,0% 0,9% 0,9% 0,0% 0, | | Less | More | Difference | | | |
| Health insurance | | | | | | | |
| Medical services 931 bits 816 bits (116) bits 1.5% bits 1.4% bits 0.0% bits Prescription drugs 551 bits 520 bits (41) bits 0.9% bits 0.0% bits Medical supplies 144 bits 72 bits (41) bits 0.0% bits 0.0% bits Entertainment 3,400 bits 2,331 bits (669) bits 5.6% bits 4.9% bits 0.1% bits Fees and admissions 862 bits 860 bits (11 bits) 1.4% bits 1.5% bits 0.1% bits Felevision, radios, sound equipment 910 bits 91 bits 1.6% bits 0.1% bits Pets, toys and playground equipment 475 bits 490 bits 14 bits 1.6% bits 0.1% bits Other entertainment 1,153 bits 553 bits (560) bits 1.9% bits 1.0% bits 0.1% bits Personal care 434 bits 388 bits (46) bits 0.7% bits 0.0% bits Personal care 434 bits 386 bits (47) bits 0.4% bits 0.0% bits Personal care 434 bits< | | | | | | | |
| Personal care | | | | | | | |
| Medical supplies | | | | | | | |
| Entertainment | | | | | | | |
| Fees and admissions | Medical supplies | 144 | 72 | (72) | 0.2% | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Television, radios, sound equipment | | 3,400 | 2,831 | (569) | 5.6% | 4.9% | -0.7% |
| Pets, toys and playground equipment 475 490 14 0.8% 0.8% 0.1% Other entertainment 1,153 563 (590) 1.9% 1.0% -0.9% Personal care 434 388 (46) 0.7% 0.7% 0.0% Products 10 11 1 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 424 377 (47) 0.7% 0.6% 0.0% Reading 236 221 (15) 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Newspapers and magazines 134 147 13 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Books 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies | | 862 | | (1) | 1.4% | 1.5% | 0.1% |
| Other entertainment 1,153 563 (590) 1.9% 1.0% -0.9% Personal care 434 388 (46) 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% Products 10 11 1 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 424 377 (47) 0.7% 0.6% 0.0% Reading 236 221 (15) 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Newspapers and magazines 134 147 13 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Education 986 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (489) 1.2% 0.4% -1.2% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition | | 910 | 918 | 9 | 1.5% | 1.6% | 0.1% |
| Personal care | | 475 | | 14 | 0.8% | 0.8% | 0.1% |
| Products Services 10 11 1 1 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% | Other entertainment | 1,153 | 563 | (590) | 1.9% | 1.0% | -0.9% |
| Products 10 11 1 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 424 377 (47) 0.7% 0.0% 0.0% Reading 236 221 (15) 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Newspapers and magazines 134 147 13 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Education 986 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% College tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.0% Other expenses and supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fee | Personal care | 434 | 388 | (46) | 0.7% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| Reading 236 221 (15) 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Newspapers and magazines 134 147 13 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Education 986 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.0% 0.2% | Products | 10 | 11 | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Newspapers and magazines 134 books 147 books 13 books 0.2% books 0.3% books 0.0% books Education 986 books 259 books (727) books 1.6% books 0.4% books -1.2% books Education 986 books 259 books (727) books 1.6% books 0.4% books -1.2% books College tuition 741 books 242 books (499) books 1.2% books 0.4% books -0.8% books Elementary and high school tuition 47 books | Services | 424 | 377 | (47) | 0.7% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| Newspapers and magazines 134 147 13 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Education 986 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% -0.3% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0 | Reading | 236 | 221 | (15) | 0.4% | 0.4% | 0.0% |
| Books 102 74 (28) 0.2% 0.1% 0.0% Education 986 259 (727) 1.6% 0.4% -1.2% College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% -0.3% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% | Newspapers and magazines | 134 | | | | | |
| College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% -0.3% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 1 1,579 1,569 0. | | 102 | | (28) | | | |
| College tuition 741 242 (499) 1.2% 0.4% -0.8% Elementary and high school tuition 47 - (47) 0.1% 0.0% -0.1% Other schools tuition 16 - (16) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% -0.3% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 1 1,579 1,569 0. | Education | 986 | 259 | (727) | 1.6% | 0.4% | -1 2% |
| Elementary and high school tuition | College tuition | | | | | | |
| Other schools tuition 16 Other expenses and supplies - (16) Other expenses and supplies 0.0% Other other expenses 0.0% Other other expenses 0.0% Other other expenses 0.5% Other other expenses 1.2% Ot | | | | | | | |
| Other expenses and supplies 181 17 (165) 0.3% 0.0% -0.3% Tobacco products/smoking supplies 297 695 398 0.5% 1.2% 0.7% Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183 | | | <u>-</u> | | | | |
| Miscellaneous 707 763 56 1.2% 1.3% 0.2% Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515)< | | | 17 | , , | | | |
| Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions | Tobacco products/smoking supplies | 297 | 695 | 398 | 0.5% | 1.2% | 0.7% |
| Legal and Accounting fees 148 157 10 0.2% 0.3% 0.0% Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions | Miscellaneous | 707 | 763 | 56 | 1.2% | 1.3% | 0.2% |
| Funeral and Cemetery expenses 105 10 (96) 0.2% 0.0% -0.2% Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 | Legal and Accounting fees | | | | | | |
| Finance, bank, interest charges 235 364 130 0.4% 0.6% 0.2% Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | | | | |
| Other miscellaneous 219 231 12 0.4% 0.4% 0.0% Lotteries and parimutuel losses 10 1,579 1,569 0.0% 2.7% 2.7% Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | , , | | | |
| Cash contributions 3,303 1,217 (2,086) 5.4% 2.1% -3.3% Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | | | | |
| Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | Lotteries and parimutuel losses | 10 | 1,579 | 1,569 | 0.0% | 2.7% | 2.7% |
| Charity and political contributions 1,951 767 (1,183) 3.2% 1.3% -1.9% Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | Cash contributions | 3,303 | 1,217 | (2.086) | 5.4% | 2.1% | -3.3% |
| Alimony and child support 316 64 (253) 0.5% 0.1% -0.4% Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | Charity and political contributions | | | | | | |
| Cash gifts 1,036 386 (650) 1.7% 0.7% -1.0% Personal insurance and pensions 9,427 6,912 (2,515) 15.5% 11.9% -3.6% Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | | | | |
| Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | | | | |
| Life and other personal insurance 871 616 (255) 1.4% 1.1% -0.4% Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | Personal insurance and pensions | 9.427 | 6.912 | (2.515) | 15.5% | 11 9% | -3.6% |
| Pensions 2,883 1,574 (1,309) 4.7% 2.7% -2.0% | | | | | | | |
| 21070 | | | | | | | |
| | Deductions for Social Security | | | | | | |

Table 6
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Households with Children, Low Income | | Oollars | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|---|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | Difference |
| | | | | Percentage | of Income | |
| Income before taxes | 16,739 | 14,612 | (2,127) | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 13,715 | 11,887 | (1,828) | 81.9% | 81.3% | -0.6% |
| Self-employment income | 215 | 166 | (49) | 1.3% | 1.1% | -0.2% |
| Social Security, private and government | 1,360 | 1,603 | 243 | 8.1% | 11.0% | 2.8% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 76 | (162) | (238) | 0.5% | -1.1% | -1.6% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 245 | 563 | 317 | 1.5% | 3.8% | 2.4% |
| Public assistance | 585 | 239 | (346) | 3.5% | 1.6% | -1.9% |
| Regular contributions for support | 421 | 143 | (278) | 2.5% | 1.0% | -1.5% |
| Other income | 122 | 174 | 52 | 0.7% | 1.2% | 0.5% |
| Total Expenditures | 32,454 | 49,270 | 16,816 | 193.9% | 337.2% | 143.3% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | (15,715) | (34,657) | (18,943) | -93.9% | -237.2% | -143.3% |
| | | | *************************************** | Percentage | of Expend | litures |
| Total Expenditures | 32,454 | 49,270 | 16,816 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 5,654 | 7,486 | 1,831 | 17.4% | 15.2% | -2.2% |
| Food at home | 4,607 | 5,798 | 1,191 | 14.2% | 11.8% | -2.4% |
| Food away from home | 1,047 | 1,688 | 640 | 3.2% | 3.4% | 0.2% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 139 | 442 | 303 | 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.5% |
| At home | 92 | 324 | 232 | 0.3% | 0.7% | 0.4% |
| Away from home | 47 | 118 | 71 | 0.1% | 0.2% | 0.1% |
| Housing | 11,776 | 14,015 | 2,239 | 36.3% | 28.4% | -7.8% |
| Owned Dwellings | 4,426 | 5,632 | 1,206 | 13.6% | 11.4% | -2.2% |
| Rented Dwellings | 2,706 | 1,807 | (899) | 8.3% | 3.7% | -4.7% |
| Other Lodging | 230 | 1,039 | 808 | 0.7% | 2.1% | 1.4% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 2,964 | 3,738 | 774 | 9.1% | 7.6% | -1.5% |
| Household operations | 609 | 688 | 79 | 1.9% | 1.4% | -0.5% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 841 | 1,112 | 271 | 2.6% | 2.3% | -0.3% |
| Apparel and services | 1,185 | 2,996 | 1,811 | 3.7% | 6.1% | 2.4% |
| Apparel | 1,088 | 2,850 | 1,762 | 3.4% | 5.8% | 2.4% |
| Services | 96 | 145 | 49 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| Transportation | 6,857 | 13,464 | 6,607 | 21.1% | 27.3% | 6.2% |
| Vehicle purchases | 3,224 | 6,410 | 3,186 | 9.9% | 13.0% | 3.1% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 1,390 | 1,983 | 593 | 4.3% | 4.0% | -0.3% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 356 | 399 | 43 | 1.1% | 0.8% | -0.3% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 479 | 907 | 428 | 1.5% | 1.8% | 0.4% |
| Vehicle insurance | 850 | 1,334 | 483 | 2.6% | 2.7% | 0.1% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 315 | 1,818 | 1,503 | 1.0% | 3.7% | 2.7% |
| Public transportation | 243 | 613 | 370 | 0.7% | 1.2% | 0.5% |
| | | | | | | |

Table 6
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Households with Children, Low Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|---------------|------|-----------|
| | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | Less | | ifference |
| | | | | Percentage of | | tures |
| Health care | 1,696 | 2,638 | 943 | 5.2% | 5.4% | 0.1% |
| Health insurance | 976 | 1,294 | 318 | 3.0% | 2.6% | -0.4% |
| Medical services | 467 | 917 | 450 | 1.4% | 1.9% | 0.4% |
| Prescription drugs | 195 | 335 | 140 | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.1% |
| Medical supplies | 58 | 93 | 35 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| Entertainment | 1,438 | 2,048 | 610 | 4.4% | 4.2% | -0.3% |
| Fees and admissions | 327 | 556 | 228 | 1.0% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| Television, radios, sound equipment | 657 | 943 | 286 | 2.0% | 1.9% | -0.1% |
| Pets, toys and playground equipment | 249 | 361 | 111 | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| Other entertainment | 205 | 189 | (15) | 0.6% | 0.4% | -0.2% |
| Personal care | 212 | 325 | 113 | 0.7% | 0.7% | 0.0% |
| Products | 5 | 16 | 10 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Services | 207 | 309 | 103 | 0.6% | 0.6% | 0.0% |
| Reading | 69 | 169 | 100 | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.1% |
| Newspapers and magazines | 39 | 145 | 106 | 0.1% | 0.3% | 0.2% |
| Books | 30 | 24 | (6) | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Education | 543 | 590 | 47 | 1.7% | 1.2% | -0.5% |
| College tuition | 279 | 248 | (31) | 0.9% | 0.5% | -0.4% |
| Elementary and high school tuition | 145 | 132 | (13) | 0.4% | 0.3% | -0.2% |
| Other schools tuition | 18 | - | (18) | 0.1% | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Other expenses and supplies | 102 | 210 | 108 | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.1% |
| Tobacco products/smoking supplies | 286 | 502 | 216 | 0.9% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| Miscellaneous | 404 | 516 | 112 | 1.2% | 1.0% | -0.2% |
| Legal and Accounting fees | 136 | 163 | 27 | 0.4% | 0.3% | -0.1% |
| Funeral and Cemetery expenses | 55 | 36 | (19) | 0.2% | 0.1% | -0.1% |
| Finance, bank, interest charges | 153 | 150 | (3) | 0.5% | 0.3% | -0.2% |
| Other miscellaneous | 59 | 166 | 107 | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.2% |
| Lotteries and parimutuel losses | . 10 | 1,579 | 1,569 | 0.0% | 3.2% | 3.2% |
| Cash contributions | 646 | 847 | 201 | 2.0% | 1.7% | -0.3% |
| Charity and political contributions | 402 | 728 | 326 | 1.2% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| Alimony and child support | 143 | 26 | (117) | 0.4% | 0.1% | -0.4% |
| Cash gifts | 101 | 93 | (8) | 0.3% | 0.2% | -0.1% |
| Personal insurance and pensions | 1,540 | 1,653 | 113 | 4.7% | 3.4% | -1.4% |
| Life and other personal insurance | 281 | 527 | 246 | 0.9% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| Pensions | 140 | 142 | 2 | 0.4% | 0.3% | -0.1% |
| Deductions for Social Security | 1,119 | 984 | (135) | | 2.0% | -1.4% |

Table 7
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Households with Children, High Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|---|---------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| | Less | More | Difference | | | Oifference |
| | | | | Percentage | of Income | |
| Income before taxes | 92,973 | 95,158 | 2,186 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Wages and salaries | 84,220 | 87,079 | 2,858 | 90.6% | 91.5% | 0.9% |
| Self-employment income | 4,438 | 412 | (4,027) | 4.8% | 0.4% | -4.3% |
| Social Security, private and government | 2,113 | 5,423 | 3,310 | 2.3% | 5.7% | 3.4% |
| Interest, dividends, rental income | 1,126 | 430 | (696) | 1.2% | 0.5% | -0.8% |
| Unemployment and workers' comp. | 323 | 1,363 | 1,040 | 0.3% | 1.4% | 1.1% |
| Public assistance | 93 | 31 | (62) | 0.1% | 0.0% | -0.1% |
| Regular contributions for support | 499 | 191 | (308) | | 0.2% | -0.3% |
| Other income | 160 | 230 | 70 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.1% |
| Total Expenditures | 64,647 | 69,067 | 4,419 | 69.5% | 72.6% | 3.0% |
| Implied Saving (+) or Dis-saving/Debt (-) | 28,325 | 26,092 | (2,234) | 30.5% | 27.4% | -3.0% |
| | | | | Percentage | of Expendi | tures |
| Total Expenditures | 64,647 | 69,067 | 4;419 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| Food | 7,937 | 8,965 | 1,027 | 12.3% | 13.0% | 0.7% |
| Food at home | 5,707 | 6,115 | 408 | 8.8% | 8.9% | 0.7 % |
| Food away from home | 2,230 | 2,849 | 619 | 3.4% | 4.1% | 0.7% |
| Alcoholic beverages | 358 | 689 | 331 | 0.6% | 1.0% | 0.4% |
| At home | 204 | 396 | 193 | 0.3% | 0.6% | 0.3% |
| Away from home | 154 | 292 | 138 | 0.2% | 0.4% | 0.2% |
| Housing | 20,285 | 18,363 | (1,923) | 31.4% | 26.6% | -4.8% |
| Owned Dwellings | 10,548 | 9,640 | (908) | 16.3% | 14.0% | -2.4% |
| Rented Dwellings | 1,175 | 797 | (378) | 1.8% | 1.2% | -0.7% |
| Other Lodging | 734 | 433 | (300) | 1.1% | 0.6% | -0.5% |
| Utilities, fuels, and public services | 4,026 | 4,407 | 381 | 6.2% | 6.4% | 0.2% |
| Household operations | 1,675 | 1,145 | (530) | 2.6% | 1.7% | -0.9% |
| Household furnishings and equipment | 2,128 | 1,941 | (187) | 3.3% | 2.8% | -0.5% |
| Apparel and services | 2,029 | 2,561 | 532 | 3.1% | 3.7% | 0.6% |
| Apparel | 1,874 | 2,378 | 505 | 2.9% | 3.4% | 0.5% |
| Services | 155 | 183 | 28 | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| Transportation | 13,072 | 14,949 | 1,876 | 20.2% | 21.6% | 1.4% |
| Vehicle purchases | 6,434 | 5,800 | (633) | | 8.4% | -1.6% |
| Gasoline and motor oil | 2,125 | 2,602 | 476 | 3.3% | 3.8% | 0.5% |
| Vehicle finance charges | 711 | 947 | 236 | 1.1% | 1.4% | 0.3% |
| Maintenance and repairs | 949 | 1,835 | 885 | 1.5% | 2.7% | 1.2% |
| Vehicle insurance | 1,492 | 2,254 | 762 | 2.3% | 3.3% | 1.0% |
| Vehicle rental, licenses, other charges | 785 | 738 | (46) | | 1.1% | -0.1% |
| Public transportation | 576 | 772 | 196 | 0.9% | 1.1% | 0.2% |

Table 7
Mean Incomes and Budgets of Households With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Health care 2,994 3,018 23 4.6% 4.4% -0.3% Health care 1,659 1,712 54 2.6% 2.5% -0.1% Medical services 900 692 (208) 1.4% 1.0% -0.4% Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% <th>Households with Children, High Income</th> <th>D</th> <th>ollars</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | Households with Children, High Income | D | ollars | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Health care 2,994 3,018 23 4.6% 4.4% -0.3% Health insurance 1,659 1,712 54 2.6% 2.5% -0.1% Medical services 900 692 (208) 1.4% 1.0% -0.4% Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1 | , • | Gaming: | | | Gaming: | | |
| Health care 2,994 3,018 23 4.6% 4.4% -0.3% Health insurance 1,659 1,712 54 2.6% 2.5% -0.1% Medical services 900 692 (208) 1.4% 1.0% -0.4% Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6 | | Less | More | Difference | | | |
| Health insurance 1,659 1,712 54 2.6% 2.5% -0.1% Medical services 900 692 (208) 1.4% 1.0% -0.4% Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | | | | | |
| Medical services 900 692 (208) 1.4% 1.0% -0.4% Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Percocal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0 | | | | | | | -0.3% |
| Prescription drugs 326 457 132 0.5% 0.7% 0.2% Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | | | | | | | -0.1% |
| Medical supplies 110 156 46 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | | | | | | | -0.4% |
| Entertainment 3,445 3,481 36 5.3% 5.0% -0.3% Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | | | | | | | 0.2% |
| Fees and admissions 1,073 982 (91) 1.7% 1.4% -0.2% Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Medical supplies | 110 | 156 | 46 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.1% |
| Television, radios, sound equipment 1,152 1,515 363 1.8% 2.2% 0.4% Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Entertainment | 3,445 | 3,481 | 36 | 5.3% | 5.0% | -0.3% |
| Pets, toys and playground equipment 525 554 29 0.8% 0.8% 0.0% Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Fees and admissions | 1,073 | 982 | (91) | 1.7% | 1.4% | -0.2% |
| Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Television, radios, sound equipment | 1,152 | 1,515 | 363 | 1.8% | 2.2% | 0.4% |
| Other entertainment 695 429 (266) 1.1% 0.6% -0.5% Personal care 404 515 111 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | | | 554 | 29 | 0.8% | | 0.0% |
| Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | | 695 | 429 | (266) | | | -0.5% |
| Products 13 17 4 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Services 391 498 107 0.6% 0.7% 0.1% Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Personal care | 404 | 515 | 111 | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.1% |
| Reading 186 200 14 0.3% 0.3% 0.0% | Products | 13 | 17 | 4 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| | Services | 391 | 498 | 107 | 0.6% | 0.7% | 0.1% |
| Newspapers and magazines 101 134 34 0.2% 0.2% 0.0% | Reading | 186 | 200 | 14 | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| | Newspapers and magazines | 101 | 134 | 34 | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.0% |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · | 85 | _ | (20) | 0.1% | | 0.0% |
| Education 1,670 2,036 365 2.6% 2.9% 0.4% | Education | 1,670 | 2,036 | 365 | 2.6% | 2.9% | 0.4% |
| | College tuition | | | | | | 0.7% |
| | | 489 | | | | | -0.5% |
| | | | | | | | 0.1% |
| | Other expenses and supplies | | | | | | 0.0% |
| Tobacco products/smoking supplies 306 689 383 0.5% 1.0% 0.5% | Tobacco products/smoking supplies | 306 | 689 | 383 | 0.5% | 1.0% | 0.5% |
| Miscellaneous 842 889 47 1.3% 1.3% 0.0% | Miscellaneous | 842 | 889 | 47 | 1.3% | 1.3% | 0.0% |
| | Legal and Accounting fees | 264 | | | | | -0.2% |
| | | 49 | 77 | | | | 0.0% |
| | | | 508 | | | | 0.2% |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Other miscellaneous | 167 | 177 | 10 | | | 0.0% |
| Lotteries and parimutuel losses 19 1,119 1,100 0.0% 1.6% 1.6% | Lotteries and parimutuel losses | 19 | 1,119 | 1,100 | 0.0% | 1.6% | 1.6% |
| Cash contributions 1,924 1,362 (562) 3.0% 2.0% -1.0% | Cash contributions | 1,924 | 1,362 | (562) | 3.0% | 2.0% | -1.0% |
| | | | | | | | -1.3% |
| \cdot | | • | | | | | 0.3% |
| | | | | | | | 0.0% |
| Personal insurance and pensions 9,175 10,234 1,059 14.2% 14.8% 0.6% | Personal insurance and pensions | 9,175 | 10,234 | 1.059 | 14.2% | 14.8% | 0.6% |
| | | | | | | | 0.6% |
| | | | | | | | 0.8% |
| | | | | | | | -0.8% |

Table 8
Estimated Sales and Excise Tax Payments by Households
With Less and More Gaming Expenditures

| Single Adult, Low Ir | ncome | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------------|--------|------------|
| | | Estimated | Tax Payme | | Per \$1000 inco | me | |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | Less | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 2.77 | 436.73 | 433.96 | 0.20 | 21.50 | 21.30 |
| Motor Fuel | | 102.93 | 120.93 | 18.00 | 7.44 | 5.95 | (1.48 |
| Tobacco | | 38.91 | 71.24 | 32.33 | 2.81 | 3.51 | 0.70 |
| Alcohol, | | 16.00 | 56.46 | 40.46 | 1.16 | 2.78 | 1.62 |
| General Sales Tax | | 315.23 | 516.92 | 201.69 | 22.77 | 25.45 | 2.68 |
| Total | | 475.84 | 1,202.28 | 726.44 | 34.37 | 59.19 | 24.81 |
| Single Adult, High I | ncome | | | | | | |
| | | Estimated | Tax Payme | nts | Per \$1000 inco | me | |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | Less | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 5.37 | 272.97 | 267.59 | 0.07 | 3.85 | 3.78 |
| Motor Fuel | | 172.32 | 230.13 | 57.81 | 2.39 | 3.25 | 0.86 |
| Tobacco | | 47.73 | 178.57 | 130.84 | 0.66 | 2.52 | 1.86 |
| Alcohol | | 47.59 | 77.11 | 29.51 | 0.66 | 1.09 | 0.43 |
| General Sales Tax | | 710.94 | 922.76 | 211.82 | 9.86 | 13.02 | 3.16 |
| Total | | 983.95 | 1,681.53 | 697.59 | 13.64 | 23.72 | 10.08 |
| Two Adults, Low Inc | come | • | | | | | |
| | | Estimated | Tax Payme | nts | Per \$1000 inco | me | |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | Less | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 4.59 | 378.30 | 373.71 | 0.28 | 19.37 | 19.10 |
| Motor Fuel | | 201.35 | 235.05 | 33.70 | 12.14 | 12.04 | (0.11 |
| Tobacco | | 49.98 | 57.50 | 7.53 | 3.01 | 2.94 | (0.07 |
| Alcohol | | 14.31 | 28.30 | 13.99 | 0.86 | 1.45 | 0.59 |
| General Sales Tax | | 589.57 | 804.77 | 215.20 | 35.55 | 41.21 | 5.66 |
| Total | | 859.79 | 1,503.92 | 644.13 | 51.85 | 77.01 | 25.17 |
| Two Adults, High In | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | Tax Payme | | Per \$1000 inco | | |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 6.49 | 476.05 | 469.57 | 0.07 | 6.12 | 6.05 |
| Motor Fuel | | 297.50 | 334.93 | 37.43 | 3.16 | 4.31 | 1.15 |
| Tobacco | | 63.87 | 149.28 | 85.41 | 0.68 | 1.92 | 1.24 |
| Alcohol | | 39.32 | 50.05 | 10.73 | 0.42 | 0.64 | 0.23 |
| General Sales Tax | | 1,149.46 | 1,330.73 | 181.27 | 12.20 | 17.12 | 4.91 |
| Total | | 1,556.63 | 2,341.05 | 784.41 | 16.53 | 30.11 | 13.58 |
| Households with Cl | | | | | l= • | | |
| Ta | | | Tax Payme | | Per \$1000 inco | | Ditt |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 2.88 | 458.02 | 455.14 | 0.17 | 31.34 | 31.17 |
| Motor Fuel | | 236.05 | 336.77 | 100.72 | 14.10 | 23.05 | 8.94 |
| Tobacco | | 61.40 | 107.81 | 46.41 | 3.67 | 7.38 | 3.71 |
| Alcohol | | 10.70 | 34.06 | 23.36 | 0.64 | 2.33 | 1.69 |
| General Sales Tax | | 614.54 | 1,075.08 | 460.54 | 36.71 | 73.57 | 36.86 |
| Total | | 925.57 | 2,011.73 | 1,086.17 | 55.29 | 137.67 | 82.38 |

| Households with Children, High Income | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------|------------|
| | E | Estimated | Tax Payme | nts | Per \$1000 income | € | |
| Taxes | Gaming: | Less | More | Difference | Less | More | Difference |
| Gaming | | 5.39 | 324.43 | 319.04 | 0.06 | 3.41 | 3.35 |
| Motor Fuel | | 360.92 | 441.83 | 80.91 | 3.88 | 4.64 | 0.76 |
| Tobacco | | 65.73 | 147.98 | 82.24 | 0.71 | 1.55 | 0.85 |
| Alcohol | | 27.60 | 53.11 | 25.51 | 0.30 | 0.56 | 0.26 |
| General Sales Tax | | 1,150.38 | 1,223.22 | 72.84 | 12.38 | 12.85 | 0.48 |
| Total | | 1,610.03 | 2,190.58 | 580.55 | 17.32 | 23.01 | 5.69 |

The Impact of Gambling on Budgets: Households and Beyond

Larry DeBoer Shelley MacDermid

Family Impact Seminar November 21, 2005

Consumer Expenditure Survey

- Conducted by the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Data for 34,883 households which kept diaries or submitted to interviews
- Information on demographics, incomes and expenditures

Research Design

- Divide sample into 6 demographic groups
- Low and high income, divided at median (\$42,946)
- Single adult households, Two adult households, Households with children
- Divide each group into low and high gaming losses, less than and greater than \$100
- Compare characteristics, income and spending for each low/high gaming pair

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ··· |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ····· |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ······································ |

Twelve Sample Groups

- 669 high gaming households; 34,214 low gaming households
- Incomes for some pairs don't match as well as hoped
- Compare shares of income, shares of expenditures
- Big differences in average gaming expenditures
 - Low gaming: \$10 to \$22High gaming: \$941 to \$1,642

Demographics (table 1)

- · On average, High Gaming Households
 - Are older
 - Have fewer children
 - Are more likely to be male
 - Own more cars
 - Are less likely to be college educated
 - Spend more, save less or borrow more
- · Than Low Gaming Households.

Spenders vs. Savers (tables 2-7)

- For all six pairs, the high gaming households spent more out of income (or beyond income) than the low gaming households
- The amount of extra spending exceeded the added gaming spending
- Added gaming spending one part of overall preferences?
- Or are there lots of complements to gaming spending?

| |
|------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Complementary Spending

- On average, High Gaming Households also spend more on
 - Food away from home (5 of 6 pairs)
 - Alcoholic beverages away from home
 - Transportation
 - Tobacco products (5 of 6 pairs)
- Than Low Gaming Households.

Consumers vs. Investors

- On average, High Gaming Households also spend less on
 - Housing
 - •O wned dwellings (5 of 6 pairs)
 - •R ented dwellings (all 6 pairs)
 - •Fu rniture (5 of 6 pairs)
 - Education (5 of 6 pairs)
 - Charitable contributions (5 of 6 pairs)
- Than Low Gaming Households.

Gaming and Education Spending

- High Gaming Households with low incomes and children
 - Have fewer children and spend less on education
- High Gaming Households with high incomes and children
 - Have fewer children but spend more on education
- · High Gaming Households without children
 - Spend less on post-secondary education for themselves

| *************************************** | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | ······································ |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | w | |
| | | | |
| | | **** | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Sales and Excise Taxes (table 8) • Estimate the average sales and excise taxes per \$1,000 of income paid by each group · Indiana sales tax rate, 6%; tax base: - Tangible goods except food and medicine - Utilities - Rentals · Gasoline (18 cents/gal.) Alcohol - Beer 11.5 cents/gal - Wine 47 cents/gal - Liquor \$2.68/gal Tobacco (cigarettes 55.5 cents/pack) Gaming (lottery tickets, 29 cents/dollar = state revenue) Sales and Excise Taxes · High Gaming Households pay more sales and excise taxes than Low Gaming Households • They spend more on excise taxable goods (fuel, tobacco, alcohol) · They spend less on non-taxable spending (housing, education, charity) · They spend more and save less generally Cause and Effect? · When gaming opportunities increased, did some Low Gaming Households become High Gaming Households? - Spending more on gaming, tobacco, alcohol, restaurants - Spending less on housing, education, charity · Or is gaming part of a preference for

spending on entertainment, so that gaming spending came at the expense of even more tobacco, alcohol and restaurant

spending?

Exploring Gambling as a Public Health Matter

Jennifer Reynolds University of Toronto Canada

Exploring Gambling as a Public Health Matter

Jennifer Reynolds M.Ed. David A. Korn MD CAS Public Health Gambling Project Department of Public Health Sciences University of Toronto, Canada

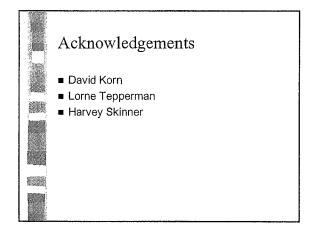
Gambling: What are the Odds for Indiana Families Center For Families, Purdue University

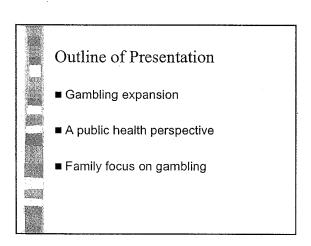
"Looking Out for More Efforts to Expand Gambling"

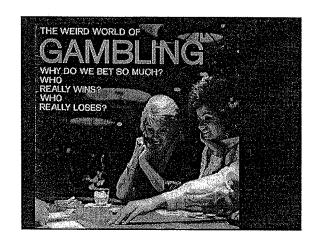
The Indianapolis.Star - July 31, 2005

The Gambling Landscape PUBLIC HEALTH PERSPECTIVE A Broad Overview

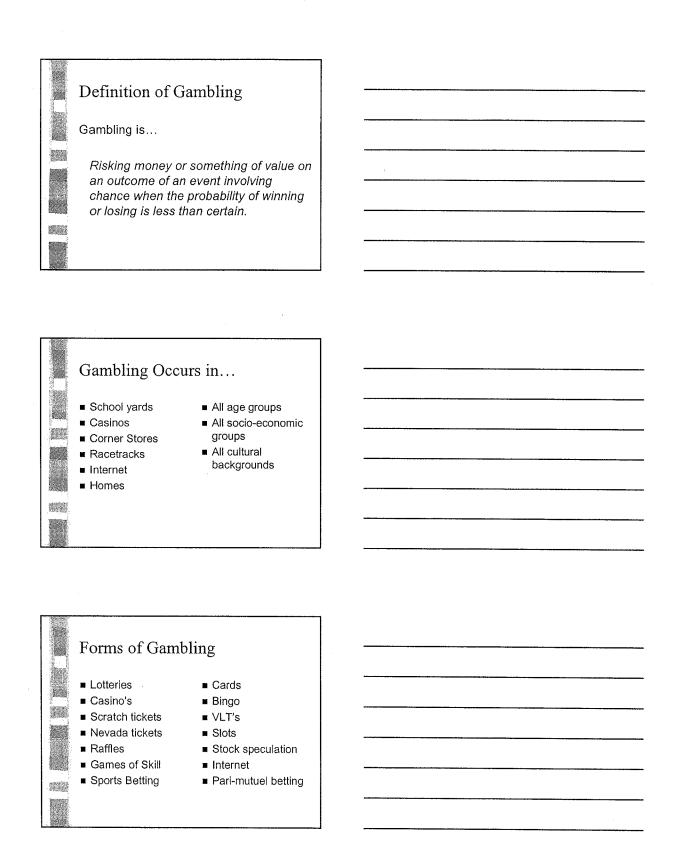
| * ' | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ··· |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| • | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |



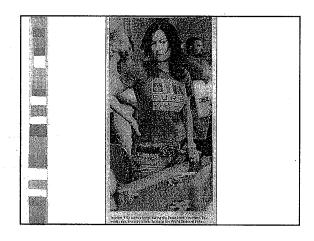




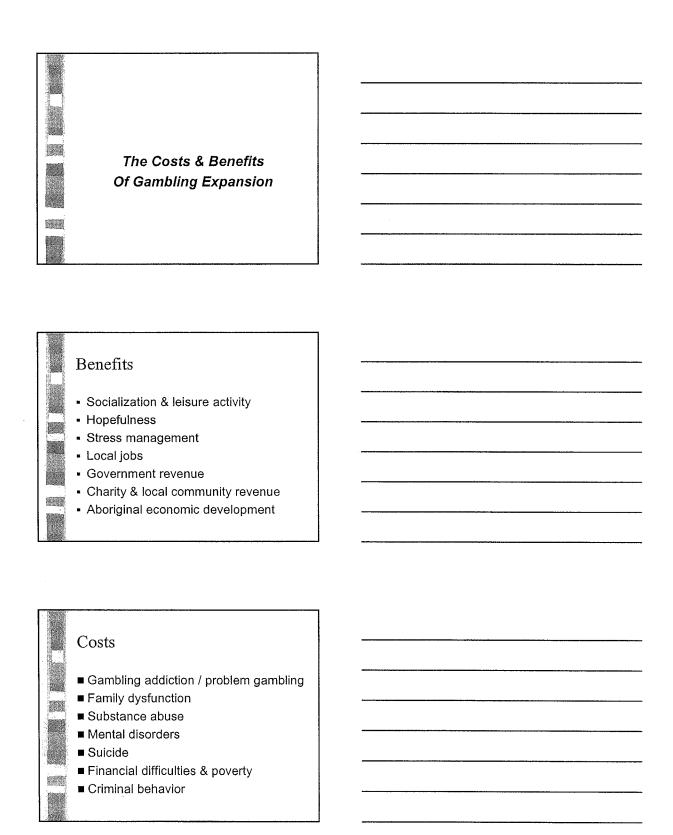
| Problem Gambling "An addictive illnessin which the subject is driven by an overwhelming, uncontrollable impulse to gamble. The impulse progresses in intensity and urgency, consuming more and more of the individual's time, energy and emotional and material resources. Ultimately, it invades, undermines and often destroys everything that is meaningful in his life." Robert Custer & Harry Milt When Luck Runs Out: Help for Compulsive Gamblers and Their Families, 1985 | |
|--|--|
| | |
| Gambling Expansion | |
| | |
| Worldwide \$900 billion revenue to governments from citizens through wagering loses The Collapse of Globalism John Ralston Saul, 2005 | |

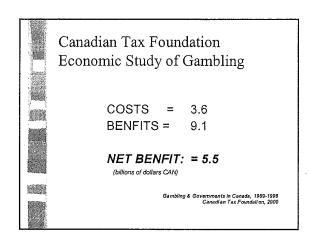


Factors Driving Gambling Expansion Revenue: Financial needs facilitated through public policy, enabling legislation & venue expansion Technology: VLT/EGM, Web, TV Economic Growth: Local community development Demand: Advertising, marketing & media exposure



At any one time, more people are playing poker on the internet than in all the USA casinos combined





Canadian Tax Foundation Economic Study of Gambling

Costs:

Benefits

>Crime related

>Employment related

>Health related

>Government revenues

> Family related

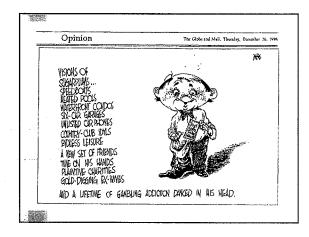
>Consumer surplus

>Job related

associated with gambling

demands & activities

*Conclusion of study found that the benefits of gambling in Canada greatly outweigh the costs...



Public Health Perspective On Gambling

| | "The way you define a problem will determine what you do about it." Dr. Jonathan Mann GLOBAL AIDS Program World Health Organization | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | Public Health | |
| | Public health looks at the factors and forces (determinants) that cause illness and injury at the level of the community. | |
| alisii N | To make a real difference in public health, you have to <i>change the culture</i> of modern | |
| | SOCIETY. John Frank MD, Director, Institute for Population and Public Health, Canadian Institutes of Health Research | |
| | | |

GAMBLING connotes...

Epidemic
Compulsion
Public Heath Issue / Threat
Disease / Disorder
Entertainment
Revenue

?

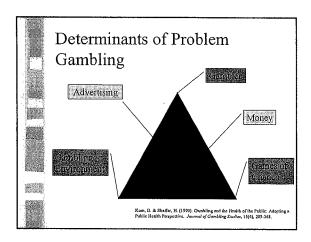
Gambling and Public Health Study of the distribution & determinants of gambling-related health problems in a defined population and the organized public measures to prevent, eliminate or control its occurrence, spread and impact "The enduring value of a public health perspective is that it applies different 'lenses' for understanding gambling behavior, *analyzing* its benefits and costs, as well as *identifying* strategies for action." Harvey Skinner, Chair, Department of Public Health Sciences, University of Toronto Journal of Gambling Studies, 2000 Public Health "Lenses" on Gambling Multidisciplinary & interdisciplinary sciences Epidemiology & biostatistics (distribution) Population health/social epidemiology (determinants) Community health/development (actions) Environmental health/health ecology Workplace health Behavioral health (risks/problems) Health economics (money)Behavioral neurology (neuro-imaging) Health Promotion (communication/social marketing)

Value of a Public Health Perspective on Gambling ■ Addresses gambling as a whole not solely problem gambling ■ Upstream emphasis ■ Strategic orientation

- Commitment to partnerships
- Stakeholder engagement ■ Multiple interventions
- Balances costs and benefits

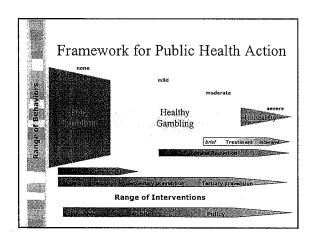
Kom, D. & Shaffer, H. (1999). Ourbiling and the Health of the Public: A Public Health Perspective. Journal of Gambling Studies, 15(4), 289-365.

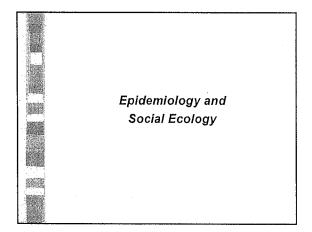
The Gambling Continuum



Pathways into Gambling Addiction ■ Biogenetic Predisposition ■ Maladaptive Coping ■ Mental Illness & Addiction ■ Social Exposure Public Health Strategy for Gambling Gambling Strategic Goals ■ **Promote:** informed, balanced attitudes & behaviors towards gambling & gamblers ■ **Prevent:** gambling related health problems ■ **Protect:** vulnerable & at risks populations

Guiding Principles for Gambling Action Primacy of Prevention Healthy Public Policy Shared Responsibility





International Prevalence Estimates Pathological Gambling - Past Year *

| COUNTRY | LEVEL 3 |
|---------------|---------|
| United States | 1.5 |
| Canada | 0,6 |
| Sweden | 0.6 |
| Australia | 2.1 |
| New Zesland | 0.5 |
| UK | 0.7 |
| South Africa | 1.4 |
| Norway | 0.2 |
| Switzerland | 0.8 |

Source: Shaffer et al. (2004). The Road Less Traveled: Moving From Distribution to Determinants in the Study of Gambling Epidemiology. Can J. Psychlatry, 49 (8), 159-171.



Prevalence Estimates: Special Populations

■ Pathological Gambling (past year)

- Adult:

1.5

- Adolescent:

4.8

- College:

5.6

- Native American

6.6

- Treatment/Prison:

15.4

Shaffer et al., Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2004



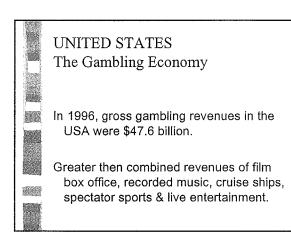
UNITED STATES

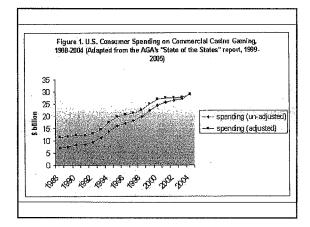
Commercial Gaming Revenue (2003)

\$72.9 billion

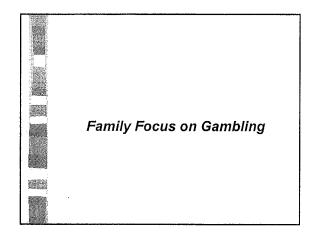


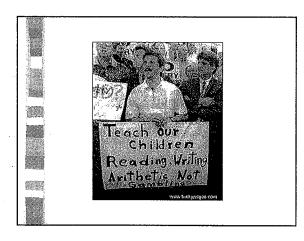
Source: Bill Eadington, Professor of Economics, Institute for the Study of Gambling and Commercial Gaming, University of Nevada (2005)







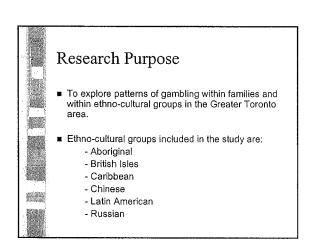




| The Literature: Role of Family Influences |
|--|
| Parental gambling is a risk factor for problem gambling |
| ■ Parental modeling, tolerance, encouragement, participation |
| ■ Problem gambling can start early, through gambling with parents |
| Grandparent gambling, sibling gambling are also risk factors |
| (Brook et al, 1986; Lau et al, 1990; Jacobs, 1989; Gupta & Derevensky, 1997) |

The Literature: Effects of Gambling on Marriage Some positive effects... Many negative effects: - Causes financial problems - Reduces cohesion, satisfaction - Increases marital conflict - Harms health of gambler, spouse (National Council of Welfare, 1996; Lorenz & Shuttlesworth, 1983; Lorenz & Yaffee, 1988)

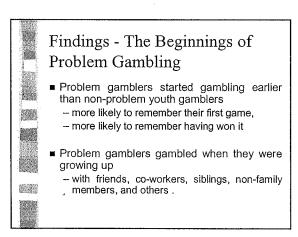
@ Home with Gambling Study Lorne Tepperman, PhD David Korn, MD Funded by the Ontario Problem Gambling Research Centre

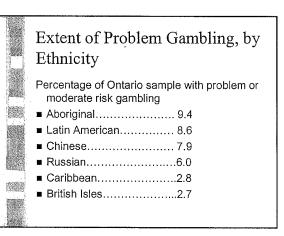


Participants ■ Sample: convenience, snowball, selfselection in Greater Toronto area ■ 360 = 6 groups X 60 respondents ■ Face to face in respondent's language ■ Finding the sample: - Community partners (e.g., family service agencies) - 18 interviewers - Advertisements, posters, flyers The Interview Schedule ■ Open- & closed-ended items ■ SOGS to measure gambling ■ Demographics ■ Ethno-cultural identification ■ Family patterns ■ Gambling perceptions, practices Findings-IntergenerationalTransfer ■ Children learn gambling practices and attitudes at home ■ Children learn from parents, grandparents, siblings, uncles and aunts ■ Pass these practices and attitudes to their

children and grandchildren

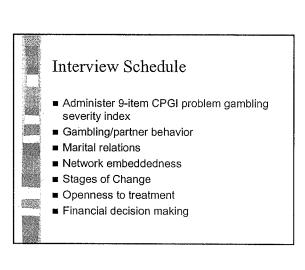
Findings - Family Communication in Childhood Problem gamblers were more likely to have witnessed or heard about their parents gambling than non-problem gamblers Problem gamblers were more likely than non-problem gamblers to have witnessed or heard about their grandparents gambling Respondent's who discussed their gambling with their children were more likely than other respondents to have children who gamble

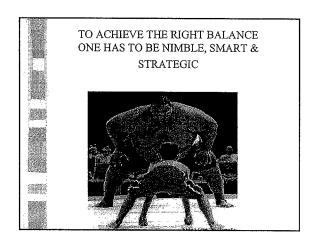


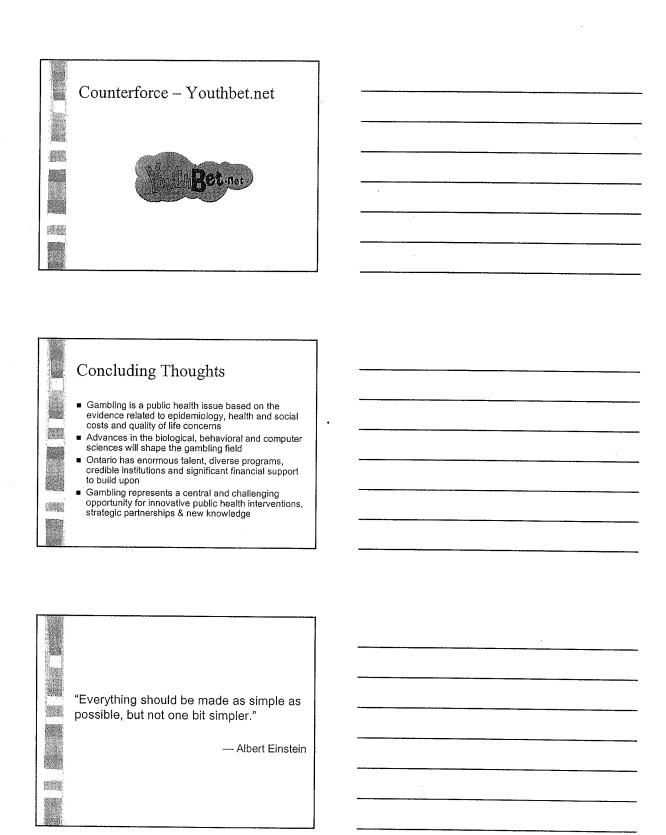


Limitations of Study ■ sample unrepresentative ■ small numbers in each group ■ need more information about - gambling practices - beliefs about gambling - financial and class position - quality of parenting, family life Partner Influences on Gambling: An Exploratory Study Lorne Tepperman, PhD David Korn, MD Jennifer Reynolds, MEd Funded by the Ontario Problem Gambling Research Centre Research Question "In what ways, and with what degree of success, do Ontario adults attempt to regulate their partner's gambling behavior?" ■ Do partners influence the problem gambling of their spouses? ■ Can they influence their spouses to get treatment?

Participants • 60 problem gamblers • 60 spouses of problem gamblers • 10+ couples • self-selected in response to advertisement







| Contact Information Contact Information: Public Health Gambling Project University of Toronto jennifer.reynolds@utoronto.ca david.korn@utoronto.ca Tel: (416) 978-8498 | |
|--|--|
| THE END | |