Against the Grain

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Creating a Greek Approval Plan at Yale

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Upon assuming the title and duties of selector for Greek imprint materials, I was immediately informed that it would be to my benefit to set up an approval plan with a Greek vendor. The overall goal of such a plan was to supply Yale with the newest, most scholarly published offerings at the most possible price. Encouraged by suggestions from other selectors, I thought that such a plan would be a simple task to compile, for the most part copying approval plans for other foreign countries and simply modifying them for Greece. My simple plan turned into a monumental nightmare. No approval plan had existed before I assumed these duties, and it became immediately apparent that before I could realistically ask a vendor to supply something for my final approval, I had to assess Yale’s needs.

Historically, the Greek collection development policy at Yale University has been sharply divided between ancient or classical Greek, and modern Greek. The latter begins with the medieval period and extends to the present time. Classical Greek collection development has enjoyed a long tradition of steady financial support and growth. The university has a large classical language department with a long established classics library as well as extensive holdings of classical language materials located in the Sterling Memorial Library. The collection supports the Classics Department’s offerings each semester in classical Greek language and literature, history, art history and archaeology, as well as faculty research and scholarship.

Modern Greek imprint collection development is relatively new to Yale. No formal educational programs exist in modern Greek studies at the university and, as such, collection building had been limited to securing adequate coverage of informally selected topics of modern Greek civilization to supplement research currently in progress in other disciplines. Faculty and student interest is sporadic at best. Approximately 30 years ago, my predecessor, George Vrooman, with the assistance of Mrs. Evro Layton, put together an informal and limited collection development policy to fill in gaps that appeared in the Greek imprint collection. Although not named, this informal policy became Yale’s first approval plan for modern Greek imprints, an approval plan which we have attempted to duplicate without success. Evro Layton was the founder of a local co-operative buying service which supplied modern Greek titles to a number of large academic and public libraries in the U.S. Vrooman’s initial design was to limit collection development choices to modern Greek history, literature and literary criticism, economics and economic theory, social conditions, and political science. Individual requests for materials outside the above general categories, as well as any other additional book requests, were sent to Layton directly indicating that the requested items were not to be duplicated by the approval plan. If an item was already supplied or planned for a future shipment, Layton would supply the invoice number and possible shipment date. Layton’s highly efficient service also offered cataloging cards for library catalogs and out-of-print searches at a reasonable cost.

Unfortunately, upon her retirement, the program ceased its services, and collection development queries had to be made directly to Greek vendors—an increasingly difficult task. Among the greatest problems that I have experienced dealing with these vendors are their general failure to respond to inquiries and their limited in-stock offerings. Because of this poor service, I have been forced to use many alternate means for book selection, such as publisher flyers, national guides, word of mouth, etc.—in other words, an inefficient means of collection building at a major research library. I also have been forced to contact publishers individually, using e-mail, fax, and the US and Greek postal systems to continue on page 44