2008

If Rumors Were Horses

Katina Strauch

Against the Grain, kstrauch@comcast.net

Follow this and additional works at: http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/atg

Part of the Library and Information Science Commons

Recommended Citation

Available at: http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/atg/vol20/iss1/1

This document has been made available through Purdue e-Pubs, a service of the Purdue University Libraries. Please contact epubs@purdue.edu for additional information.
Our Users Are Your Users — Blurring the Lines Between Academic and Public Libraries

by Margaret Landesman (Collection Development, Marriott Library, University of Utah, 295 So 1500 East, Salt Lake City, UT 84112; Phone: 801-355-4342) <Margaret.landesman@utah.edu>

Lines are blurring all over the place so many parts of our lives and our libraries converge into what feels more and more to me like looking through a kaleidoscope. But there is a line that maybe hasn’t blurred far enough or fast enough. That’s the one between academic libraries and public libraries.

Academic and public libraries share core values and goals. We share users. We can get closest to filling our mission if we work at this together and if both sets of librarians work at telling both sets of users about both sets of libraries.

I wanted to gather some ideas about that. So I asked a lot of people what they thought and here are some of their responses — from public librarians, academic librarians, and consortia. A number are from libraries here in Salt Lake and others are from farther afield — including a report from a University of Utah librarian currently working in Ethiopia.

Libraries — We Don’t Just Buy Stuff Anymore

Libraries were founded to allow people free access to information. The idea was that we bought stuff and then passed it around among our users, without charging them. The free part is core. The buying part isn’t.

There is no inherent reason that libraries stock only or mostly purchased merchandise. That used to be pretty much what we did — but purchasing is no longer an adequate model for providing what users need. And it used to be that libraries had little say in how things come to be published — and that’s not always so anymore either.

John Ober of the California Digital Library has written about why academic and public libraries need to jointly engage in the drive to create wider public access to publicly funded research results. Academic librarians have been heavily involved — but, for the most part, have failed to work with our public library colleagues, despite the fact that it is their users who currently have the most limited access to this literature. So why aren’t we working more with public libraries? I don’t know why.

continued on page 16

If Rumors Were Horses

As usual, there is lots to report!

First and foremost, have you visited the ATG news channel? We are adding a Rumor a day! We are adding important announcements from our print subscribers. And, under books in the mail, we are adding news about a book we ran across every day. We are also regularly posting the full text of items in the print ATG. In fact if there is something that you would like to see online, let us know! As we say the Website is continuously evolving and we would love your input and contributions. We have already gotten several online submissions for both the print and the electronic edition! If you have a contribution to make, please email <david@katina.info> or <kstrauch@comcast.net> or “submit content” through our Website! Don’t be shy! Frankly, between you and me, I didn’t think I’d like this, but it is turning out to be more fun than I had thought. Y’all always teach me something new and different and interesting. And you will enjoy it (and learn something) too!

www.against-the-grain.com

Ingram Book Group Inc. has announced that David (Skip) Pritchard, Chief Operating Officer, is the new President and Chief Executive Officer of the company. Congratulations, Skip!

www.ingrambook.com

And Ingenta has just hired the awesomely fantastic Rebecca Lenzini <rlenzini@earthlink.net>, to drive forward their publisher services business in North America.

www.ingenta.com

It’s not just businesses that are realigning and changing. As we all are learning, major reorganization is in the air all around us. At Belk Library & Information Commons,
Dear Editor:

Just a brief note to let you now how much I appreciate, as a retiree, receiving Against the Grain. It brings back such wonderful memories of the years I attended the Charleston Conference. I believe the first one was in the late 1980’s, and there could not have been more than 75 in attendance. It sure has grown over the years! I certainly looked forward to coming back every year, to catch up with what was happening in other libraries. This was such a stimulating group and, even though it really grew in size, there was still ample opportunity to learn from, and exchange information with, colleagues. I always made it clear to my former “fellow librarians” at Cornell that this was the conference to attend no matter what your particular specialty was within the library profession.

One of those days I really want to get back to Charleston, one of my favorite cities. Warmest regards, Phil Dankert

Letters to the Editor

Send letters to <kstrauch@comcast.net>, phone or fax 843-723-3356, or snail mail: Against the Grain, MSC 98, The Citadel, Charleston, SC 29409. You can also send a letter to the editor from the ATG Homepage at http://www.against-the-grain.com.

Rumors

Appalachian State University (Boone, NC), Departmental teams are being renamed and a reshuffling of library faculty and staff is in the works. Of particular interest to ATG readers...John Abraham, Coordinator of the Collection Management Services Team. In Bibliographic Services (the old Technical Services) — Georgie Donovan is now Lead Acquisitions Librarian and Acquisitions will include ILL borrowing & document delivery. Paul Orkiszewski, formerly Coordinator of Acquisitions & Cataloging, is returning from a six-month stint at the University of Sydney’s Music Conservatory to become Coordinator of the Bb Services Team. Eleanor Cook, formerly Serials Coordinator, is joining a newly formed team “Web Services” as Intellectual Property & Copyright Librarian. Kevin Clarke, heading up Web Services, is Digital Initiatives Librarian. Marilia Antunez, a new hire from Michigan State, is Allied Health & Science Librarian. Susan Golden has retired. Ken Johnson is Coordinator of the Learning & Research Services Team, Allan Scherlen is Social Sciences Librarian. Whew! That’s a lot to assimilate!

Was recently in Atlanta where the Institute of Museum and Library Services Connecting to Collections Preserving America’s Diverse Heritage was held January 31 and February 1, 2008 at the High Museum of Art and Woodruff Arts Center. Lonnie Bunch, Director of the Smithsonian’s National Museum of African American History and Culture, was a standing-ovation keynote speaker. Lonnie spoke about museums and libraries and how they preserved the soul of the country. Sven Haakanson, Executive Director of the Alutiiq Museum in Kodiak, Alaska and recent recipient of a MacArthur Foundation Fellowship, Loretta Parham, Director of the Woodruff Library of the Atlanta University Center, and Susana Leval, Director Emeritus of El Museo del Barrio, provided an overview of the rich collections held by diverse institutions. Other experts included nationally recognized photograph conservator Debra Hess Norris of the University of Delaware/Winterthur and Alan Lewis, who has advised both the Library of Congress and the National Archives on preservation of audio-visual materials. And this was just one of several such seminars planned throughout 2008 and 2009 by IMLS.


continued on page 8

AGAINST THE GRAIN DEADLINES

VOLUME 20 — 2008-2009

2008 Events Issue Ad Reservation Camera-Ready
MLA, Book Expo April 2008 02/20/08 03/05/08
SLA, ALA Annual June 2008 04/16/08 04/30/08
Reference Publishing September 2008 07/16/08 07/30/08
Charleston Conference November 2008 09/03/08 09/17/08
ALA Midwinter Dec. 08/Jan. 09 10/29/08 11/19/08

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT
Toni Nix <justwritie@lowcountry.com>; Phone: 843-835-8604; Fax: 843-835-5892 or Edna Laughrey <elaughrey@aol.com>; Phone: 734-429-1029; Fax: 734-429-1711
Address: 291 Tower Drive, Saline, MI 48176.

Letters to the Editor

Send letters to <kstrauch@comcast.net>, phone or fax 843-723-3356, or snail mail: Against the Grain, MSC 98, The Citadel, Charleston, SC 29409. You can also send a letter to the editor at http://www.against-the-grain.com.

From Your (playing the yiayia) Editor:

Greek lesson — the word for grandmother is Yiayia. And this Yiayia is heading off for the christening of her very first grandchild, a little boy named Trifon Raymond Walser. Trifon was my daughter-in-law’s great grandfather’s name and is also the Christian god of wine, I learned recently from a niece who knows all these things.

And back at the ATG ranch, we are working away on the February issue. Sorry for the delay in getting this issue out but, hey, it’s well worth the wait. Margaret Landesman has put together some really cool articles about public library initiatives by John Ober, Samantha Larsen Hastings, Anne Carr-Wiggin and Louise Reimer, Marie Paiva, Lisa German, Sue Medina, Barbara G. Preece, and Sally Patrick. We also have some special reports on diverse subjects like academic libraries after print, implementing eBook collections, using rare books, and Wikis in the workplace from Allen McKiel, Cynthia Cleto, Gene Waddell, Keith Engwall and Steve McKinzie. We have a fascinating interview with Dr. Eric Emerson about one of the few private libraries in the world, The Charleston Library Society. You should be sure and visit the next time you are in Charleston! What else? Sandy Thatcher gives us Part II of How to Establish a Research Agenda for Scholarly Communication. Dr. Matthew Brocchi commemorates the DLB at Thirty. Todd Carpenter talks about institutional identification, Cris Ferguson talks on Zotero, and I could go on and on. Oh! And we have the return of two of our old (not in the aging sense) columnists – Philip Hallman who returns to the Media Minder column and Jared Seay to You Gotta Go to School for That. Welcome!

I have to say adios sus (Greek for goodbye to y’all) for a few days as I head off to San Antonio for the christening. But first I have to say thank you, as a retiree, receiving Against the Grain, for a fascinating interview with Keith Allen McKiel. I appreciate, as a retiree, receiving Against the Grain, Letters to the Editor, and coming back every year, to catch up with what is happening in America’s libraries.

Welcome!
Got an email from the wonderful John Riley <jdriley@comcast.net> who said he just had to share this picture of his two-year-old grandson, Sawyer. He’s a cutie!

I just trialed Countrywatch, Inc. for my library. I searched “libraries” and pulled up several articles one of which was from Beijing Xinhua in English — China’s official news service for English-language audiences (New China News Agency). The article is called “Beijing Libraries Seek To Lure Readers Amid TV, Internet Competition” (February 14, 2008). The article is about the National Library of China (NLC) which recently was made free to the public and has seen an increase of 1,000 in daily visits compared with last year. Maybe we will get Tony Ferguson or Corrie Marsh or one of their cohorts to fill us in on this when we see them in Charleston in November?

www.countrywatch.com/

Speaking of Charleston — Did you see the write up (with plenty of pictures) of the 2008 Charleston Conference: What Tangled Webs We Weave (November 7-10, 2007) by Don T. Hawkins <dhawkins@verizon.net> in Information Today, January 2008, (v.25, issue 1), pp.31-34? It’s pretty thorough and I wish I had written it myself but then that wouldn’t have been good, would it?

We are already gearing up for Charleston 2008! November 5 (Vendor Showcase and Preconferences) and 6-8 (Main Conference)! We have two keynote speakers on board so far — John M. Unsworth (Dean and Professor, Graduate School of Library and Information Science, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign) and Deanna Marcum (Associate Librarian for Library Services, Library of Congress). Stay tuned! We will be opening the Conference Website within the next month.

www.katina.info/conference

And I have gotten numerous calls about proposed preconferences for 2008. We would like to have preconferences determined by the time that registration is open to give complete registration information. The Call for Proposals Website will be open no later than April 1. Registration is expected to begin in May, 2008. For updates, please consult the ATG News Channel or the Conference Website.

www.against-the-grain.com
www.katina.info/conference

Speaking of the Charleston Conference, got the nicest note from Phil Dankert <pdankert@twcny.rr.com> (see this issue, p.6), once at Cornell, now retired. Phil was
headed to the hospital for a total hip replacement. As we all remember, Phil was an outdoor enthusiast and he is looking forward to being able to hike and do downhill skiing soon! I told him that my husband Bruce just had a total hip replacement and he is a new man! Waiting for an update!

How many of you have bought a Kindle? I just went to the Amazon Website to learn that Kindle is temporarly out of stock due to heavy customer demand and that orders are being filled on a first come/first served basis. Hmmmm … And watch for Cris Ferguson’s upcoming Technology Left Behind column on Kindle.

And recently saw a post on Acqnet by the wonderful Jack Montgomery (see way below for more) asking about libraries purchasing and circulating the Kindle device. He is wondering about circulating a “loaded” Kindle machine. Maybe Cris will talk about this?

Update on Cullen! He is a growing little boy who is driving his new mom and dad crazy! “I cannot see how anyone accomplishes anything with a boy in the house,” says Cris. Ain’t that the truth? Still, the awesome Cris is the Editor of the ATG News Channel in addition to everything else! Thank you, Cris!!

Speaking of Cris and Cullen and John (the husband, sorry I left you out earlier, John!), they have been sick with the horrible “flu” or whatever it is going around. I’ll tell you, everyone, even people who never get sick have been getting whatever it is that’s going around. Except yours truly. I keep wondering when I will really get slapped!

About poor pitiful me. I just had my right elbow operated on the other day to have the “hardware” removed. No, this isn’t a store in my arm, just a long pin and some wire from my elbow break several months ago. Ouch! I am glad it’s gone. Recovery was sweet! Maybe it kept off the flu? I’ll suggest to the doctor that he write an article for a professional journal …

National Archive Publishing Company (NAPC) has acquired Tichenor Publishing & Printing, a provider of coursepacks and other supplemental course materials for college students. The business will be combined with NAPC’s XenEdu Custom Publishing, one of the nation’s providers of custom publishing solutions for higher education. Daniel Arbour is President and CEO of National Archive Publishing Company. You’ll remember that Dan spoke in Charleston in 1998 about consortia and licensing. Theme was “The Good, the Bad, and the Ugly.”

Textbooks are also a source of discussion among students but they are moving into the library arena more and more. Libraries have generally made it a policy not to purchase textbooks, but textbooks are changing in format and content. In fact John Cox just sent us an interesting As I See It which will run in the April issue of the print ATG.

Speaking of textbooks. Linda Nainis (Dean, Learning Resources, University of Northern Virginia) <lainis.admin@unva.edu> has a rather unique approach to the textbook issue. She has set up an online bookstore for students and also obtains copies of the textbook and teaching materials for the faculty. And this isn’t just print materials. They work to help faculty have access to supplemental materials such as testbanks, multimedia, and other e-materials which can be downloaded into the course management software. They are not circumventing the publishers and are collaborating with ten publishers to make e-textbooks available. Linda says this function takes time and effort. And they have one full time person who focuses on it. She says it is worthwhile because of the relationships and because it forces them to stay up with the current curriculum. We hope to have more information in Charleston in November.

Reed Elsevier is reportedly drawing up plans to cut 1,000 jobs over the next couple of years as it centralizes functions such as procurement, human resources and IT across the group. The majority of cuts are supposed to take place outside Britain and to contribute to a restructuring that will shed as much as 100 million pounds from Reed’s annual costs bill. See — “Reed Elsevier cost cuts to claim 1,000 jobs” by Mark Kleinman and Jonathan Sibun. http://www.telegraph.co.uk/money/main.jhtml?xml=/money/2008/02/17/cnreed

Heard recently from the winner of the Vicky Speck/ABC Clio Charleston Conference Leadership Award — the unmatched Jack Montgomery <jack.montgomery@wku.edu>. He has recovered from his stroke (see ATG, Dec.07-Jan.08, p.6, 8) and is hot to trot! He says he is riding a bike and dancing! To prove it, he has just issued a new music CD which I can’t wait to hear! Plus, see the advertisement for his new book — American Shamans: Journeys with Traditional Healers in this issue, p.73. Jack is going to talk about the book at the Conference this year and I am looking forward to reading it beforehand!

The renewal notices for ATG have just gone out as those of you who got them know! Renew, renew! Along those lines, I just heard from the calm and collected Claire Ginn Winthrop (Director of Library Relations, Ingenta) <claire.winthrop@ingenta.com> who says that Jeff Downing has joined their team as Manager of Library Relations and is interested in looking into participating in the Charleston Conference Vendor Showcase in November. We should be getting out information in the next month. And the Call for Papers should be up in the next two weeks! On the home front, Claire says her little daughter Mia is nearly three years old! Gosh! I have a niece who is named Mia and it’s such a lovely name, isn’t it?

And while we’re on Ingenta — The johnny-on-the-spot Charlie Rapple <charlie continued on page 12
Rumors from page 10

rapple@publishingtechnology.com> sends word that PCG has selected Andrew Allan <andrew.allan@ucpress.edu> to develop the University of California Press business in the UK and in western and southern Europe. Andrew comes from Emerald, where he was responsible for business development in Latin America and the Caribbean. Andrew will be based in the UK. www.ucpress.edu

Speaking of hearing from old friends, got a lovely card from Betty and Sevgin Oktay who have been going everywhere you can think of! They sent congratulations to the old grandparents (Bruce and me) and wish us much love. Betty and Sevgin have already had the experience so they are old hands at grandparenthood! But, you know, I sure miss dancing with them at late night hot spots in Charleston during the Conference!

Recently got an email from another old friend, the fabulous Christine Lamb <christineclay@gmail.com>. Last month Christine joined the New England Journal of Medicine as Director of Marketing. Congratulations, Christine!

Remember Steve McKinzie <smckinzi@catawb.edu>, once at Dickinson, now library director at Catawba College in Salisbury, NC? Anyway, they have just opened an overall space makeover of the Corrigher-Linn-Black Library. According to the Salisbury Post, “Work in the library included environmental abatement, installation of new study walls, Sheetrock and high-density shelving.” The yearlong library renovation culminated with an open house at the facility. www.salisburypost.com/area/340228068685780.php


Recently got an email from the aforementioned Steve who had just finished reading a novel by Josephine Humphreys, a Charleston-born writer. The novel is Nowhere Else on Earth. I met Jo Humphreys when first moved to Charleston back in 1977. (She was the coordinator of the Spoleto volunteers and I worked as a Spoleto volunteer.) Spoleto was just getting its feet on the ground and Jo was the perfect person to get it started. She is a great writer. In fact, there was recently a long article all about her in Charleston Magazine. And, speaking of writing, be sure and read Collaboration and Conflict: Wikis in the Workplace by Keith Engwall and Steve McKinzie, this issue, p.79.

Well, as Aunt Bee from Mayberry would say, I swan! The SLA Nominating Committee presented ten highly qualified candidates to the sitting Board for election to the 2009 SLA Board of Directors. This year, in an effort to expose each candidate to a wider audience of members, the association will videotape and post each candidate’s speech to the SLA Website and YouTube, offer members the ability to hear the candidate speeches live, and schedule additional ad-hoc opportunities for the members to meet the candidates during SLA 2008 in Seattle. Elections will be held electronically in mid-September 2008. One of the candidates who stood out was Ruth Wolfish <r.wolfish@ieee.org> from IEEE! Go for it, Ruth, and good luck! www.sla.org

In a project initiated by the National Society of Black Physicists (NSBP), the National Society of Hispanic Physicists (NSHP), and the Southeastern Universities Research Association (SURA), the American Physical Society and the American Institute of Physics have offered minority-serving academic institutions a free trial throughout 2008 to all their online publications. The two publishers have agreed to a formula that would permit these institutions to then acquire this entire collection of top physics journals at very low prices in 2009. For further information or to apply for a free trial in 2008, contact the awesome and smiling Douglas LaFrenier (Director, Publication Sales & Market Development, American Institute of Physics) <dlafrenier@ aip.org> and the equally awesome Barbara Hicks (Associate Publisher, American Physical Society) <hicks@aps.org>. www.aps.org/publications journals.aip.org/

I am sure that you have all been listening to/read/texting/googling (hard to know what words to use anymore, isn’t it?) the Yahoo!/Microsoft hoopla in the regular and financial news. Well, in reading one of the many articles, I learned that Yahoo! owns 39% of Alibaba, the biggest listed Chinese Internet Company. And guess what? Alibaba is very interested in the recent Microsoft bid for Yahoo! and wants a say in the management should the sale go through. What you don’t learn by ...umm... reading. See — “Microsoft’s Yahoo! Bid Ruffles China’s Alibaba,” by Jason Dean, The Wall Street Journal, Feb.16-17, 2008, p.A2.

Against the Grain / February 2008

12 <http://www.against-the-grain.com>

**people profile**

**Victor Perlman**

General Counsel and Managing Director
American Society of Media Photographers (ASMP)
150 North Second Street, Philadelphia, PA 19106
Phone: (215) 451-2767 • Fax: (215) 451-0880
<perlman@asmp.org> • http://www.asmp.org

**BORN AND LIVED:** New York City until law school in Philadelphia.

**FAVORITE BOOKS:** CATCH-22, The Great Gatsby, Hemingway’s short stories.

**PET PEEVES:** Political correctness.

**HOW/WHERE DO I SEE THE INDUSTRY IN FIVE YEARS:** I hope to achieve, and see, a fair and continuing stream of compensation to photographers for the use of their images.

**Future Dates for Charleston Conferences**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preconferences and Vendor Showcase</th>
<th>Main Conference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007 Conference</td>
<td>8-10 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008 Conference</td>
<td>6-8 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009 Conference</td>
<td>5-7 November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010 Conference</td>
<td>4-6 November</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Future Dates for Charleston Conferences**

**Nearby**

**Catawba College**

www.catawb.edu

**Catawba College Library**

www.salisburypost.com/area/340228068685780.php

And speaking of China — The National Library of China, the largest library in Asia, continued on page 14
Dear Against the Grain Readers:

It’s time for ATG’s Annual Information Survey of Library Operations and ATG Survey Contest. The survey is designed to provide our readers with library information that is unavailable anywhere else. The results will be published in an upcoming issue of Against the Grain. However, we need your input in order for this project to be successful. To participate, please visit our Website (http://www.against-the-grain.com) as soon as possible, but no later than April 15, 2008.

In addition, all returned surveys will be entered into a drawing from which two winners will be randomly selected. All survey respondents are eligible. The winners will receive a 1-year subscription to ATG, and one paid registration to the 2008 Charleston Conference.

To enter your responses on our ATG Website please use this link http://www.against-the-grain.com/d/ATGSurvey.

You may also enter your responses while visiting the Charleston Conference Website at http://www.katina.info/conference/—then click on the Against the Grain button and go to the survey.

Thank you very much for participating in our survey and good luck in the contest!

Your Editor

---

Rumors from page 12

will add its bibliographic records to the OCLC WorldCat database. The National Library of China will develop software to convert the format of its records before they can be added to WorldCat. Following development and conversion of the records, the National Library of China anticipates that some 1.5 million records will be sent to OCLC in 2008. These records, when added to WorldCat, will display Chinese characters. The Library will continue adding records to WorldCat beyond 2008 once the format has been converted. Zhan Furui is Director, National Library of China. OCLC opened an office in Beijing in July 2007. OCLC’s relationship with libraries in the People’s Republic of China began in 1986, when OCLC introduced its CJK system for cataloging Chinese, Japanese, and Korean materials. An OCLC Service Center was established at Tsinghua University in 1996, and access to the OCLC FirstSearch online reference service was made available to about 100 academic institutions in China. In 2004, the CALIS (China Academic Library and Information System) consortium, under the leadership of Peking University, began providing access to a NetLibrary eBook collection for 80 libraries in China.

www.oclc.org

And speaking of reading, I was recently in a waiting room and picked up a copy of People magazine. I was shocked and gratified to read under “Chatter: What are you doing during the writers’ strike?” that Ali Larter said READING! When all these other movie stars were training for marathons, exercising, or loafing, she was READING! The book she especially mentioned was Eat, Pray, Love. “I love that book,” she said. Gosh! Since I never watch TV and rarely go to the movies, I’d never heard of Eat, Pray, Love. A Life Cut Short. Says Jane Smiley, author of the Pulitzer Prize-winning A Thousand Acres, “I love the idea of all these short books coming out, although like every bubble, it’ll break. But the great thing about book bubbles is that we’ll have the books. Even after the market crashes, the books will be around to read.”

www.showbuzz.cbsnews.com/stories/2008/03/01/ap/entertainment/main3896124.shtml

Speaking of Amazon.com, they apparently plan to spend more and keep less on hand which has investors unhappy. Amazon is ramping up spending on technology and content. (reported in USA Today, January 31, 2008, p.1B) Amazon has also recently acquired Audible.com.


Blackwell has appointed Melissa Bruner as Regional Sales Manager in Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, New Mexico, Colorado, and Utah effective January 2, 2008. Melissa has worked in the academic market for 20 years. She began her career as an English instructor at Lamar University and Southwestern Oklahoma State University. Melissa then spent nearly 14 years in the college textbook industry. She worked as a sales representative, marketing manager, regional account manager, custom editor, and online course development consultant. She received her Bachelor’s degree in English from the University of Oklahoma, and a Master’s degree in English from Miami University (Ohio).

www.blackwell.com

Look at the paper in this issue of ATG by Allen McKeil. It’s called Academic Libraries After Print and outlines what Allen believes are the three primary issues of importance to the library of the future — acquisition, instruction, and publication. See this issue, p.44.

Speaking of publication, I was recently reading the Ithaka report — University Publishing In A Digital Age (released July 26, 2007). The Ithaka report points to the fact that universities have been reluctant to accept the Web as important to the academy in terms of peer review and the like. www.ithaka.org/strategic-services/university-publishing

While we are in the medical arena, did you see that Google Inc is collaborating with Cleveland Clinic, one of the premier U.S. health institutions, to pilot an exchange of data that puts patients in charge of their own medical records. See “Google, Cleveland Clinic Form Venture” by Christopher Lawton, Wall Street Journal, Feb.21, 2008, p.D3. Also “Google, Cleveland Clinic Team up on Medical Data,” by Debra Sherman, http://www.reuters.com/article/healthNews/idsUSN2144271320080221?feedType

As we all know, Dow Jones and the Wall Street Journal were bought July 31, 2007 by Rupert Murdoch and News Corporation. And it appears that Murdoch wants the WSJ to be “a broader force.” This seems to mean that the WSJ will stress coverage beyond business news which it has always done to some extent, moving into New York Times territory. Will this work? I suppose that time will tell but in the meantime, here are two fascinating articles worth a peek — “Trading Pinstripes for Politics” by David Carr in The New York Times (late edition, east coast), Feb 11, 2008, p.C1, and “Toppling the Times: Rupert Takes On Pinch,” by Ed Lasky, American Thinker (January 21, 2008).

www.americanthinker.com/2008/01/toppling_the_times_rupert_take.html

One of my fondest childhood memories is reading books and one of the books I remember vividly is Phyllis A. Whitney’s “Mystery of the Green Cat.” I wonder what I would think of it now? Anyway I read Ms. continued on page 16
Williams's death in the New York Times (Late edition, east coast), Feb. 9, 2008, p.B7. “Phyllis A. Williams, Author, Dies at 104.” Obituary by Dulcie Leimbach. Ms. Williams wrote till she was 94 and she said that was what kept her young and alive. She once said: “If you give up, you’ll never have a chance to climb aboard.” Perhaps there is a writers’ strike in heaven and she was needed?

The next two rumors are courtesy of the fabulously connected Ramone Kublius (Galter Health Sciences Library, Northwestern University) <kublius@northwestern.edu>. Thanks, Ramone! And if anyone else has rumors, please send them to me. I love them (surprise, surprise!).

Ron Miller, Director of Product Management at H. W. Wilson, will be teaching courses at the Pratt Institute School of Information and Library Science on Abstracting & Indexing and Thesaurus Design & Construction while he continues his product management role at Wilson.

Courtesy of LJN Dawson — Suzanna Ellison, sponsoring editor of Psychology textbooks at McGraw-Hill, has announced that she is leaving to work in market development at Wiley.

www.lindawson.com/permalink/2008/01/31/Suzanna_Ellison_leaving_McGraw_Hill.html

Congratulations to the winner of the Charleston Conference evaluation drawing: Cory Stevens, Head of Public Services, Lake Forest College in Highland Park, IL. Cory will get a free registration to the 2008 Charleston Conference which is November 5 (preconferences and Vendor Showcase) and 6-8 (main conference)

www.katina.info/conference

continued on page 22

Our Users Are Your Users

There is no area where the need is greater than it is for medical and other health science literature. On my own campus, we train a wide variety of medical professionals and we hope many will go into the smaller towns of rural Utah to practice. We teach them “evidence-based medicine.” Then, as with a Physician Assistant we graduated some time ago who now practices in Green River, Utah — when they call and tell us how much they want to practice what we preached — we tell them they cannot have access to the literature they used while in school at the University. We’re sorry. Sally Patrick has written about the Eccles Health Sciences Library’s “O” (Outreach) Team — founded to reach consumers of health information through Utahhealthnet.

Another way to offer more content is for libraries to engage in digitizing initiatives. Here again, academic libraries were initially most active. This is changing. Consortia often serve as matchmakers in helping these two groups get together. Barbara Preece has written about the Boston Library Consortium and its partnership with the Open Content Alliance. And Sue Medina about the ways in which Alabama has come together to provide access to the stuff Alabamians want — which is, not surprisingly, about Alabama. This group has also broken new ground in developing digital archiving techniques, developing a new application of LOCKSS as a local archiving solution for the consortium.

Anne Carr-Wiggins and Louise Reimer write about their hope that users of the Edmonton Public Library and the University of Alberta Libraries can “move seamlessly between our institutions throughout their lives” and what is being done to make that so. Lisa German, describing the planning of the 2007 Pennsylvania Library Association Annual Conference by a group from the Penn State University Libraries and Schlow Centre Region Library, writes that she has “worked in two other states and has never seen any collaborative effort quite like this between the public and the university research library.”

We Need to Know More About the Other Libraries In Our Users’ Lives

I live in a city with remarkable public libraries — the Salt Lake Public Library and its Sweet Avenues Branch are my home libraries and I love them best of all. But they’re not all we have to offer — there’s also the Salt Lake County system.

The first thing you notice about a Salt Lake County Library is how many cars are in the parking lot and how many people are in the library. There are 18 libraries — I have been in most of them — and they’re all like this, as far as I can see, almost all the time they are open. The users aren’t concentrated at the computers — as they tend to be in my library. They are at the open “Hold” shelves which hold hundreds and hundreds of items, and they’re clustered around the self-check-out stand. They’re going through racks of CDs and videos. There are even people reading the periodicals. And the newspapers (printed ones).

How do they get people to do this?

I asked about circulation stats. About a million, they said. That’s kind of similar to ours, I thought. But it turns out they meant a million per month. Not annually. We have two pieces from librarians in this system — Gretchen Freeman, writing about what our higher ed students like about their public libraries, and Samantha Larsen making an analogy between public libraries and Wal-Mart.

The head of our Government Documents Division, Kate Holvoet, told me that Salt Lake County is her very favorite library. Why so, I asked? Because, she said, it allows for the satisfaction of asynchronous desire.

This was definitely a new concept for me. How do you translate that? Well, she said, it means that satisfaction is guaranteed — no visit, given her finely tuned system, lets you leave empty handed — and — she finds herself reading more widely and more different sorts of books than she believes she would in the print-only world. A pretty encouraging idea.

And Finally, So as to Remind Us.....

Finally, because she is in Ethiopia and telling me things I didn’t know and feel I ought to know, I asked one of our most respected librarians, Marie Paiva, who is spending her sabbatical there (this is the third time she has gone to work in Ethiopian libraries) to describe for us what Ethiopian libraries are like. I thought this should put an end to any tendency to whine about our plight in either public or academic libraries here. And perhaps focus us on finding ways to help across the international boundaries — as we also think about how to do that at home. ✿

<http://www.against-the-grain.com>
A View Toward the Public Side

from page 20

tional repository platforms, policy regimes, and discovery services to form “community repositories.”

Potential for Collaboration

With an overlap in the “public” that they both serve, academic and public libraries share an interest in influencing scholarly communication systems so that they yield low barrier, or barrier free access to research and scholarship. To a lesser degree they might share other motivations to change create, especially in the creation of a publishing role to disseminate the unique materials that originate in their communities.

These overlaps suggest the potential to explore common interests and to collaborate to create change. What forms could that exploration and collaboration take?

Drawing from my familiarity with the emerging structure of scholarly communication “programs” in the academic library setting, the following possibilities come to mind.

1. Education and outreach. Academic libraries should make public libraries and librarians targets of their campaigns to inform stakeholders of the challenges and opportunities in the scholarly communication landscape. In partnership, academic and public libraries could tune the messages for public library patrons and boards, to point out the individual and public benefits of public access to publicly-funded research, at the least.

Academic libraries should offer core information and lessons learned from their own outreach efforts, including meta information about how to build advocacy programs and educate line librarians as messengers and advocates. (e.g., through the ARL-ACRL Institute on Scholarly Communication).

To buttress their appeals to faculty members, funders, and legislators to make research openly available where possible, academic libraries should solicit testimonials from their public library colleagues about the impact of open access to research results on members of the public. This extends the strategy which already has made patient advocate groups an important partner in advocacy efforts.

2. Legislative and policy advocacy. Public libraries and their umbrella groups should join letterhead groups that advocate for increased access to research results, such as the Alliance for Taxpayer Access. When opportunities arise to lobby for a legislative policy intervention, such as the NIH public access policy, both sectors should consider combining their efforts through joint resolutions and letter campaigns.

It would be heartening to see a letter supporting the next version of FRPAA be jointly signed by a region’s research university provost, regional college consortium, and regional public library consortium.

3. Service development, including library-as-publisher. Public libraries should seek, and academic libraries offer, lessons and partnerships to make innovations in publishing technologies and systems available to create public library online publishing niches, some of which would be valuable as input into research and learning at the college and university.

4. Walk the walk. Libraries and library organizations must avoid the hypocrisy of asking others to lower barriers to access but not thoroughly pursuing opportunities to do so themselves. In this regard, and in direct service to the collaboration above, both sectors need to encourage themselves and each other to make their local, regional, and national publications openly accessible.

Rumors

from page 16

Some people/companies have a lot of money! $140 million has been spent since 2005 asking people to choose ask.com as a search engine. And still Google is the winner! By contrast, Google has spent $34 million on advertising between January 2006 and September 2007. See “Ask Searches for Answer to Luring New Users,” by Jessica E. Vascellaro, money.aol.com/news/articles/_a/ask-searches-for-answer-to-luring-...

Have you visited the ATG News Channel yet? You can post a job ad FREE! We have linked to the Informed Librarian, a great resource! and we would love your suggestions about other links! AND — we are trying to start an electronic book of sorts that we are calling e-stories. I wrote the first few lines and here they are — “Once upon a time there were no books in the world. A little boy looked at his dog and said, ‘I want something to do besides playing video games.’ His dog, a very understanding Labrador, barked loudly and led his human smart girl dog. What happened next is history...” Now we need YOU to add to the e-story. It’s like a Wiki! Come on!

Members of the National Information Standards Organization (NISO) have voted to approve the creation of a working group to explore issues surrounding institutional identification. The NISO working group will build on the work of the Journal Supply Chain Efficiency Improvement Pilot (JSCEIP), an industry-wide pilot project that aimed to discover whether the creation of a standard, commonly used identifier for institutions would be beneficial to all parties involved in the journal supply chain. The project sees participants working closely together to integrate interoperability around a standard identifier codified with standard descriptive metadata. The energetic, energizer bunny Helen Henderson is an active participant in JSCEIP and one of the new project’s leading advocates among NISO’s voting membership. NISO is currently soliciting parties in the community interested in engaging with this working group. People interested in participating in or monitoring the development process should contact the NISO office. The NISO Business Information Topic Committee, chaired by Patricia Brennan, Product Manager at Thomson Scientific, will appoint members of the working group and oversee the work of the committee. www.niso.org

Had an interesting conversation with Pam Kelley <pkelley@charlotteobserver.com> at the Charlotte Observer. The Observer is doing an article on Mark Herring’s recent book Fool’s Gold: Why the Internet is No Substitute for a Library (McFarland, 2007). The article is supposed to come out later this month. Anyway, it is refreshing to see a newspaper continuing to focus on books. Pam says that they are just taking one page these days instead of two, but, still, that’s good. And she is interested in coming to the Conference in November. We’ll see! continued on page 42

John Ober is co-chair of the ACRL scholarly communications committee, a member of the SPARC steering committee, and until recently, was Director of the University of California’s Office of Scholarly Communication.

Endnotes

3. The American Library Association is listed as a member of both the Alliance for Taxpayer Access (http://www.taxpayeraccess.org) and the SPARC Open Access Working Group (http://www.arl.org/sparc/advocacy/oaawg.html).
Satisfaction Guaranteed ... from page 41

It’s a sort of system for asynchronous desire. Between Amazon and the County system, I don’t have to find the idea interesting and actually go get the book at this same time. When I’d like to read it, I request it. Later on, I get it and then look it over and remember why it is that I wanted it. It’s a new sort of browsing and it has let me read books I never would have read in the print-only world.

Rumors from page 22

Speaking of newspapers, see this article in the Wall Street Journal -- “Why Los Angeles Times Can’t Keep an Editor,” by Emily Steel (1/22/08, p.B1). We know the story. It’s a matter of budget. Seems that the publisher wanted $7 million in reductions. Ouch!
online.wsj.com/public/article/SB12000636844103713.html?mod=blog

Forgot to tell you that the Georgetown (SC) County Library was one of five libraries in the US to receive the National Medal for Library Service given by First Lady Laura Bush and the Institute of Museum and Library Services. The subscription library was started in 1908 by Miss Susan Allston. She, with the help of Mrs. Congdon and Mrs. Weston Rosa, canvassed the entire community for book donations and continued on page 49

A Quick Glimpse ... from page 41

and then showed us around the facility.

Public libraries in Addis Ababa are 30 years old, and the municipality moved this one to its current location four years ago... The actual building was constructed about 75 years ago and belonged to a well off individual. It is a solid stone building with an intricate inlaid woodwork interior, and large windows with security grates. It sits in a shaded compound full of trees, bushes, flowers and a few benches off of a major road in Addis Ababa.

This library is one of the larger and better equipped libraries and is open five days a week from Tuesday to Saturday from 9:30-5pm. Everyone has free entrance with any ID. The staff of 15 includes librarians, security personnel, and custodians. The current budget for acquisitions is about USD $4,500 per year; and they do occasionally receive donations from private organizations and NGOs. The librarian indicated that many of these gifts are older materials.

The users are mostly from nearby high schools and colleges, and the library contains 220 seats. Current statistics show about 400 users per day. The collection consists of 20,000 volumes which do not circulate. The library does have growth space. Some users come in to use the collections, while others are looking for a reading room where they can use their own workbooks and textbooks.

There are seven computers with word processing only, and a small collection of juvenile materials. Almost everything is in English, with a few items in Amharic. There is a Subject and Author-Title Card Catalog for users.

We toured around the building, which is on two floors, and then visited an annex at the back. Just as Ato Tameru indicated, most of the titles I picked up appeared older and well used. The volumes I randomly chose ranged in date from 1974 to 1997 and dealt with architecture, Ethiopan history, and management. We visited Reference and Documents, the Periodicals Room (which only held newspaper) and three Reading Rooms. Almost all the seats were taken at about 11 A.M., and it was very, very quiet. I saw two public bathrooms, not perhaps as nice as those at home, but they did exist.

The current challenges Ato Tameru indicated to us included the problem that the city administration does not show enough interest in the library. If they did, he feels he could have more staff and a bigger budget. Also, theft is a problem everywhere, and Ato Tameru suspects about 100 titles a year are stolen. Currently, the library has no cataloger.

Other worries are that the library is unable to provide a photocopy service or Internet access. (The Head Librarian himself has no Internet access in his office). There is no children’s area, and he would really like to see one. In this compound, there is a private organization nearby that offers Internet service for a fee. I saw about 4 out of its 36 computers being used.

Our discussion included the importance of continued on page 49
The R2 Digital Library is an electronic book platform that offers a unique business model for digital content. It enables the purchase of individual resources from multiple publishers, on one platform. The R2 Digital Library offers access to more than 400 searchable health science titles from 25 health science publishers.

www.R2Library.com

SIGN UP TODAY FOR A FREE 30-DAY TRIAL.

Rumors
from page 42

secured a home for the library on the first floor of the Winyah Indigo Society building. If you haven’t been to Georgetown, it’s a great place to visit the next time you are in the area. And watch for our interview, coming up.

www.libsci.sc.edu/histories/vts/epw28.html
www.georgetownsc.org/library/

And speaking of private libraries (above), see our interview this issue, p.53 with Eric Emerson who is the Executive Director of the Charleston Library Society in downtown Charleston. It’s on lower King Street and has a wonderful ginko tree out in front. When you walk in, you step back in time. Definitely worth a visit the next time you are in town!

www.charlestonlibrarysociety.org

Bookstores are also in the news! Was perusing the latest issue of Vanity Fair (February 2008, p.82). There is a fascinating piece “A Novel Haven: The literary elite gather at Square Books,” by Doug Stumpf. It’s about Square Books, a unique bookstore in Oxford, Mississippi, owned by Richard Howorth and his wife Lisa. “If anyone ever tells you books and bookstores are dying, just send them to Square Books.” I wonder if John Riley has ever been there? Or Jack Walidorf? Speak up, guys!

Special Report — Promoting and ...
from page 48

aggregators and publishers to work together rather than in isolation of each other. Surely a collaborative promotional method would work in both their interests?

At the moment, the coordinating role is left to the librarian who must integrate the MARC records, raise awareness, liaise with academic staff on selection and reading lists management, run information literacy training courses for academics and students, keep the library Website up to date, talk to the VLE owners and integrate the eBooks into the VLE. What is hugely frustrating at the moment, as Richard Cross, a VLE expert explained, is that the lack of coordination by publishers, aggregators, library management systems and VLE providers is actually preventing the creation of a virtual learning environment that is intuitive, scalable, seamless and easy for students and academics to use. The impact that this has is that academics find unhelpful workarounds that are not intuitive, do not aid the discovery of eBooks, do not encourage students to use eBooks and often, make the VLE team reluctant to let the academics have any control over content integration, which in turn slows the development of the VLE. Each vendor is working in its own silo, creating bespoke solutions with their own standards that in fact, prevent the seamless interoperable environment that is required to promote and embed eBooks that support taught course students.

The message from the presentations was quite clear; a holistic approach to promotion is required, where publishers, aggregators, librarians, VLE vendors, LMS vendors, academics and JISC Collections all work together to ensure that cross promotion is occurring to ensure that it is easy to embed e-textbooks in teaching and learning environments. With this in mind, the librarians attending the workshop were split into groups and invited to discuss the following questions and come up with priorities for each:

1. What are the challenges that librarians face when promoting and embedding the use of e-textbooks?
2. What can JISC Collections do to help librarians address these challenges?
3. What can eBook publishers and aggregators do to help librarians address these challenges?
4. How might all stakeholders use new technologies to help promote and embed the use of e-textbooks in education?

So what are the challenges that librarians are facing? Interestingly, and in what shows the continued prevalence of the issues, the results from the workshop directly correlate to the eight issues identified in the Feasibility Study on the Acquisition of e-Books by HE Libraries and the Role of JISC.3

continued on page 50

Continued on page 51
Special Report — Promoting and ...

from page 50

on the platform functionality. Students need simplicity with flexibility. They don’t care who published what book, they don’t care about the battle between aggregator platforms. All they care about is getting access to the texts on their reading lists for free, wherever they are and whenever they want. Students want to be able to find their e-textbooks easily and make use of them in the manner that suits their subject, course and learning style. Publishers and aggregators need to be providing promotional materials aimed at helping the librarian make sure that staff and students are aware of what is available to them. Personalisation is the key word here. Customisable emails, RSS feeds into the VLE course areas of newly available e-books, RSS feeds into the library website, case studies of how academics have adopted and used an e-textbook in their course, simple SMS texts templates, podcasts on how to use a platform, placement of university logo on the platform, wikis where students can share experiences and ideas of how they have used the eBook for their courses etc. In the online environment, selling the e-textbook alone is not enough, the promotional and customer services provided will increasingly become central to decisions regarding acquisition.

Standards were of course another of the top priorities identified. Publishers and aggregators have to raise their level of standards compliance and they have to use open standards as currently they are restricting the effectiveness of their platforms and the integration of the eBooks. It is again a case of collaboration; to succeed they must understand why it is important to implement standards and what standards are required, this must come from collaboration with librarians, academics, students, technical experts, LMS vendors and VLE vendors. All those involved in provision of eBooks and management systems need to link together. Librarians hope that with a better understanding of the challenges that they face in promoting and embedding eBooks, that publishers and aggregators will become more open and enabling in their licensing rather than restrictive. Models based on what users actually do with eBooks, how they use eBooks, need to be developed and librarians are keen that publishers and aggregators take onboard the findings from the National E-book Observatory Project and realize that flexible and transparent licensing doesn’t mean giving content away but is the key to generating more sales.

The last question that librarians were asked to consider was how might new technologies be used to help promote and embed the use of e-textbooks in education?

Whilst there are many technologies available that fall into the Web 2.0 bracket, the librarians were conscious that not all of their users are digital natives and that promoting and embedding should not exclude users that are not technologically adept. They were aware that their promotion role would need to constantly evolve as their users would - how does a librarian prepare for the post digital natives when their searching and technological habits are not known yet?

The answer requires librarians to keep pace with new tools, studies on user behaviour and information literacy skills, and to get out the library and continually interact with the academics and students. Again, collaboration and sharing are essential to the knowledge transfer between librarians, if one institution finds an effective way of creating a reading list using del.icio.us or Library Thing with direct access to the eBook from the VLE, it benefits all if this can be shared, that is, as long the technology is open and interoperable!

Technology that enables easy discovery and use such as plug-ins and widgets that can be re-purposed into various spaces were favourably by librarians as well as RSS feeds to keep staff and students up to date. Librarians also agreed that the library catalogue has potential to include user comments and reviews of eBooks which may spur other students to use eBooks. If reviews and comments could be tagged, academics could also link this to the VLE sections. There was also call for videos and blogs to be created either by academic or students to promote the use of eBooks in teaching and learning. Librarians were interested in taking advantage of hand held devices and learning more about how eBook readers can be used to provide students with all their reading, whether a chapter, a whole e-textbook or a journal article. And last but not least librarians were also very keen to see the e-textbook evolve into a collection of content that takes advantage of the new tools and technologies available. If each individual e-textbook was a dynamic and interactive website with video, assessments, podcasts that slotted into an uber eBook collection that was cross searchable, easy to use with constant updates, automatic archiving and interoperable standards wouldn’t life be easy!

However the value will be realized much quicker if publishers, librarians, and aggregators really understand the challenges they each face and collaborate to create holistic promotional techniques that capture the attention of the academics and the students. No one should be sitting back and observing. Everyone needs to be pro-active. It’s time, as Sue McKnight so simply put it, “to get funky and switched on.”

Endnotes
1. JISC Collections is funded by the Joint Information Systems Committee to provide the UK higher and further education community with value for money and quality assured online resources that meet the needs of teaching, learning and research. www.jisc-collections.ac.uk or visit the Wikipedia page http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/JISC_Collections
2. The JISC National E-book Observatory Project has licensed a collection of 36 core and recommended reading eBooks in engineering, media studies, business and management studies and medicine. The eBooks which were selected by librarians, are freely available to all UK HE institutions for two years and have excellent terms and conditions of use. The aim of the project is, through a quantitative and qualitative year study, to gather an evidence base of exactly how these eBooks are used and the impact of making these eBooks available, through the library and free at the point of use, on publisher print sales, library circulation and on teaching and learning. Further information is available at www.jiscbooksproject.org.
4. This report was commissioned by the JISC E-books Working Group to explores the demand for, a feasibility of, JISC Collections getting involved in stimulating the eBooks marketing into making available core and recommended reading text online. This report provided the evidence required to gain funding for the JISC National E-book Observatory Project and was very well received within the HE community.
5. The UK HE consultation carried out as part of the eBooks project found that the majority of institutions were still trialling platforms or being forced to use a variety of platforms due to content availability.

Rumors
from page 49

And speaking of bookstores, the Wall Street Journal recently had an article “Who’s Buying the Bookstore?” by Nathaniel Popper (January 18, 2008, p.W11. Turns out that many people with the economic wherewithal are working to continue the tradition of the independent bookstore!

Bookstores and libraries are the places to be! Just went to the HDTV showing of the opera MacBeth at the Charleston County Library. It was free and like wow! I am going to as many of these as I can in the future. Have you been to one?

And, being true to librarianship, while I continued on page 63
If you’re looking to shore up your collection in a hurry, you could do worse than to buy everything that appears on the American or British Film Institutes’ lists of the “best” 100 films ever made. A bit of online detective work will turn up dozens of similar lists. Over the long term, you can keep up with a handful of online sources: Dave Kehr’s weekly column in the New York Times highlights new DVDs of classic films, DVD Beaver provides reviews of new DVD releases and comparisons with older or foreign editions, and DVD Times and The Digital Bits each provide news of upcoming DVD releases. Depending on your tolerance for Internet drama, you may also want to keep up with one or two online discussion forums: Home Theater Forum, DVD Talk, and criterionforum.org have some very knowledgeable and helpful members. You may also want to skim new issues of your library’s film magazines (Film Comment, Sight & Sound, Filmmaker, Cinema Scope) to keep current with names and trends in film.

Once you’ve figured out what to buy, you need to figure out from where to buy. Depending on your staffing situation and your use of purchasing cards, it may not be feasible to order your media titles from multiple vendors. In that case, vendors who specialize in libraries such as Baker & Taylor or Midwest Tape may be a better option for you. However, while these specialized vendors may offer excellent service and may better suit some purchasing policies, they cannot compete with the selection and prices offered by most consumer-oriented online retailers. In our case, we have made a conscious decision to purchase commercially-available media from online vendors from whom we can get low prices and fast, often free, shipping. We regularly use Amazon, DVD Planet, DVD Pacific, and Deep Discount, with the occasional purchase from Overstock.com and Barnes and Noble. The savings created by using these retailers allows for more titles to be purchased with limited funds. Depending on your location and purchasing needs, some online vendors, including some not listed above, may work better for you than others. To get the absolute best price (including shipping), you can compare prices from several online vendors at DVD Price Search (dvdpricesearch.com). This site also provides information about sales and coupons that will further stretch your budget.

When it comes to educational media, we often order directly from the primary distributor. If you order multiple titles from one particular distributor, don’t be shy about asking for a discount. If you don’t ask, you won’t get it; if you do ask, they are often happy to oblige. No matter what your annual acquisitions budget for media, getting 10% off a $400 DVD is always welcome. Another way to get the best price is to make sure you are ordering from the primary distributor. I won’t name names, but there are companies who pass themselves off as primary distributors who are in fact resellers collecting a healthy markup on material available elsewhere. When in doubt, check WorldCat for the name of the publisher and distributor and then Google it to see if you can order directly from them.

If you absolutely cannot locate a vendor for a particular title, a Hail Mary pass may be in order. This can be in the form of a call to a colleague at a library that already owns the item (found via a search in WorldCat), a message to the Video-lib listserv, or an email directly to the filmmaker. You would not believe the number of times this has actually worked for me.

I don’t presume to think that everything that works for me and my library will work for you and your library, but these selection and acquisitions procedures have worked well for us and they may work well for you. I hope to have provided some practical advice for those seeking to develop their library video collections.

Further reading:


Pick up forecasts his or her future profession. Well, I am doing that with Trifon on his first birthday, next December. And I think that all I will have for him to choose from is books! Stay tuned.

And speaking of the above, one of my classics professor friends, now retired, told me that this (laying out items for the child to choose from) is what is done when picking the Dalí Lama. The infant who goes to the correct set of holy beads is considered a serious contender. Who said that superstition was unscientific? continued on page 81
Wikis in the Workplace
from page 80

of its feature set, its ease of maintenance, and because Wikipedia uses it, which makes it both familiar and mature (in terms of software development). We also wanted wiki software that allowed flexibility for a wide variety of contexts. For example, since we first introduced the library wiki, we have created a wiki on a specific course for faculty use and another one for a subcommittee. Each of these wikis was configured with its own set of features and restrictions, such as who can create, edit and/or read pages, and whether or not files can be uploaded. Because the wikis are simple to set up and require little maintenance, we can support these wikis as well as others that may develop over time. We may eventually create a wiki for our patrons; however, we wanted to familiarize ourselves with our own private wiki before taking on one with a public face.

Right now, all library faculty and staff can read and edit the library wiki. However, the wiki maintains an edit history for each page, so it is protected against editing mishaps. Only the wiki administrator (the systems librarian) has the capability to delete pages from the wiki. Currently, only a few library faculty do most of the editing. The content is still fairly sparse, but is steadily, if slowly, growing. We are investigating ways in which we can encourage other staff to experiment with the wiki.

The primary cost of implementing a wiki is the time and expertise involved in the initial set-up. It only takes a few hours to get a wiki up and running, and most of that is spent in planning. Of course, this can be sidestepped by opting for a hosted wiki, but then you generally have to contend with either advertising or recurring hosting fees. Because we were already maintaining our own LAMP server for our Website, it required little extra effort to implement our wiki software. The amount of effort necessary to maintain a wiki will depend greatly on how it is used. A small, closed wiki, for instance, will require little maintenance, since only a few people will be adding content. A more open wiki could require more effort, particularly in protecting the wiki against abuse. Because open wikis allow anonymous submission of content, one must provide protection against automated software called bots, which distribute spam and wreak havoc. There are software programs available to combat spam bots, but some risk is unavoidable. Thus, open wikis will require more monitoring than restricted ones.

Our wiki has its limitations. It is more useful for presenting text and images than for providing access to a large number of files. The process of adding a file and linking to it is relatively complicated and requires several steps. Some wiki software may have more robust support for sharing files, but this was not a high priority for us and might have required giving up the flexibility that our wiki software provides. In addition, we cannot link a calendar to our staff wiki because this exceeds the capabilities of our (and most) wiki software. These features are more common in Content Management Systems (CMS), and we investigated a few but found them to be more complicated to set up and maintain.

Additional Applications

An interesting application of our wiki is that we use it to update library policies on our library Website. The staff updates the policy document, then supervisors review the changes and make corrections, and finally the Web administrator compares versions and updates the Website accordingly. Previously this process involved a series of emails with a variety of attached documents in various stages of editing. Now, library policies live on the wiki as a single, cumulative, collaborative document. In addition to our staff wiki, one librarian and several faculty created a wiki about a Conference of Independent College’s workshop, “Technology and Learning Spaces.” This wiki served as a faculty forum for discussion about campus learning spaces and as a place for faculty conference attendees to share what they learned. Once again, a wiki allowed for maximum collaborative input, and it was done within a relatively short amount of time.

Conclusion

The whole purpose of our article is to shout the merits of wikis for local libraries. Our enthusiasm comes quite frankly from our own practice. Our library’s wiki has been surprisingly rewarding and especially useful. Wikis, in short, are invaluable tools — well-nigh indispensable in the life of modern libraries.

Of course, we hasten to add that wikis cannot do everything. They cannot so restructure your library that your institution becomes a dynamic Library 2.0 trendsetter. They cannot enable your technical and public service staff to get along with one another. They cannot help you understand, much less like, your director. Wikis can, however, greatly advance your file and document management. They can also improve your internal communication. These are no small accomplishments in the characteristically Dilbert-like environment of most libraries. In the end, our advice is simple: get a wiki. It will revolutionize your library’s organizational life.

Rumors
from page 63

Meanwhile, I just bought copies of three real hardcover children’s books for grandson Trifon: Goodnight Moon (Mike Markwith gave this to my daughter when she was just born and she loved it!!), Ferdinand the Bull, and Bread and Jam for Francis. I can’t wait to read them to him! No video games for him!

Cheers and much love,

Yr. Ed.  ♪