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Profiles Encouraged: Anna Belle Leiserson

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Drinking from the Firehose
from page 67

sure you get my drift. My best guess is that this is where most of us are (or soon will be), and where many of us will remain. Actually, there’s nothing wrong with that. There’s an incredible amount to explore and use. Once you have surfed for a while, I think you will agree that we left the “occasionally amusing tool” stage some time ago. There are enough major resources (the Library of Congress, dictionaries, publishers’ catalogs, and so on), that it’s at least a handy tool and will almost certainly be critical in the near future. By the way, if you are at a loss where to start, the best general Web index is Yahoo! URL: http://www.yahoo.com/ You might also wish to check AcqWeb URL: http://www.library.vanderbilt.edu/law/acqs/acqsl.html where I have tried to gather links to all sites of general interest to acquisitions and collection development librarians.

3. As an author, i.e. someone who writes “home pages.”

4. As a publisher. For now, authoring and publishing are often combined. In Net-Speak, this is “Web Weaving” and it’s to that activity that I will devote the remainder of this article.

It is my sincere hope that more acquisitions and collection development librarians will become Web Weavers. Here is a brief list of potential benefits:

** It is an amazingly powerful way of sharing relatively static information. Anyone anywhere in the world with the right equipment can access this information. At a local level, consider the possibilities in mounting collection development policies, staff directories, and so on. A few library acquisitions departments are already doing this. Peter Stevens of the University of Washington is maintaining a set of links to them (see URL: http://staffweb.lib.washington.edu/acq/acqstaff.html#some).**

** As with any type of authorship, it is an act of creation, and thus personally rewarding. There’s an incredible sense of accomplishment from getting a home page to do what you want it to. In fact, the problem here is, once started, tearing yourself away from it.**

** In order to be a good Web author, one has to be a good Web reader, which means one spends a significant amount of time surfing. One of the most delightful side-light is that one is forever serendipitously happening on hidden treasures for friends, family and ourselves. For example, I have found women’s basketball and origami home pages for my daughters and national parks and music selector pages for my husband.**

** It’s an excellent PR tool, both in our local sphere and in the world at large. Not only does it promote awareness, but for now, at least, it’s glamorous. Now I ask you, how often do we have a chance to be glamorous?**

Finally, a few words on how to mount your own home page. I know that learning HTML (HyperText Markup Language) has many of us cowed, but honestly, it’s not that hard to learn. It’s certainly not as difficult as mastering the ins and outs of MARC, and it’s vastly simpler than most programming languages. I learned it from the Web, using NCSC’s A Beginner’s Guide to HTML. URL: http://www.ncsa.uiuc.edu/General/Internet/WWW/HTML Primer.html

There are many other possibilities as resources. In particular, Eric Schnell has recently mounted Writing for the Web: A Primer for Librarians. URL: http://bcnes.med.ohio-state.edu/eric/papers/primer/webdocs.htm

Also, I am told that there are a number of nifty HTML authoring tools. For a sizable list, see Yahoo! at URL: http://www.yahoo.com/Computers/World_Wide_Web/HTML_Editors/

So, I hope to see you all soon in cyberspace, and may the force be with you!

Biz of Acq
from page 69

already done so, you need to study alternative acquisition sources for federal information. There is no guarantee that paper, or any other format will remain available. Do you have agreements with nearby libraries about collection patterns? Should you have agreements to spread the aggravation? Which agencies are most important to your library? What parts of that agency generate material? How can you get it? Is the agency Web site adequate for the needs of your patrons? Are there mailing lists? Is there a commercial service which covers this agency? What does GPO sell from the agency? Is a jobber the best answer? Planning ahead may help your library avoid scrambling when titles drop from the usual distribution channels.

“Reinventing government” has struck hard at the provision of federal information through the depository program. Library managers need to pay some attention to the issues facing the program and be prepared to seek alternative sources for the information which has conveniently appeared in those brown boxes all these years.